# The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, JULY 13, 1868. NO. 288.


## The Daily Sentinel.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

### THE PLATFORM.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

[From the National Intelligencer.]

The full report of the platform adopted at New York differs very materially from the imperfect synopsis which was published through the Associated Press. It is worthy of the occasion of the Convention, and of the great cause which it represents. There is no equivocation, subterfuge, or evasion in any declaration. Every principle is set forth boldly, clearly and emphatically, so that he who runs may read. Instead of the ambiguities adopted at Chicago to cover up doubtful purposes, or to conceal a mongrel policy, this platform confronts each issue distinctly, deals with it broadly, and leaves no doubt to combat by the employment of artful phrases.

The abuses, frauds, usurpations and corruptions of Radicalism are exposed with a candor and courage which the emergency demanded, and the remedies proposed are announced in language equally emphatic and satisfactory. What the platform demands is absolute and unqualified reform in the government as the only means of preserving our institutions. We seek to restore the country to its former position of peace and prosperity, to revive the Constitution in all its vigor, and to set up again the time-honored landmarks which Radicalism has torn down. All these objects, and others of material interest, are included under the general idea of a thorough and efficient reform in the government, which shall sweep away every vestige of that factious domination that has brought us to the very verge of national bankruptcy, and made imminent another civil war.

The platform requires no explanation or commentary. It speaks its own praise in the national creed which is laid down, and which, we venture to say, will enlist the sympathy and the active support of a vast majority of the American people. It will carry cheer to thousands of hearts and rouse a feeling such as has not been witnessed for a quarter of a century. The fiat has gone forth. It is not a question of party, but of patriotism. Hundreds of thousands of old Whigs and moderate Republicans, who stood by their political organization while it was possible to adhere to it, have renounced all connection with Radicalism and will go forward as zealous supporters of this noble cause.

Every word of the platform deserves to be treasured up, and we cannot too strongly commend it to earnest reflection.

[From the Philadelphia Age.]

The platform presented by the Convention is on all points explicit, and conforms to the time honored principles of the party. That the regulation of the suffrage belongs to the States is a fundamental truth on which our Federal form of government rests; the attempt to overthrow it was a radical and revolutionary assault on the institutions of our country. The Democratic platform is faithful to the Constitution and the laws, around which all who hope to rescue our country from a military despotism must now rally. The extinction of slavery and secession are expressly recognized, in a manner that is appropriate, though the subjects have passed out of the region of controversy.

The monetary questions are met explicitly, in no ambiguous terms, and as fully as is possible in the brief formula of resolutions.

The proposed taxation of the bonds is in conformity with the resolution lately passed by the vote of the Radicals in the House of Representatives. We allude to the fact as taking this branch of the subject out of the sphere of mere partisan recrimination. The practical details of it must be the subject of future legislation.

Other features in the platform are those on which our views have been so often uttered that we will not recur to them to-day. They are principles on which the Democratic party have ever been ready to stand or fall; and if the latter, free popular government falls with them.

[From the New York World.]

The platform which was adopted yesterday by the National Convention, with a demonstrative warmth of approval such as has seldom been witnessed on a similar occasion, is, on the whole, a body of sound political doctrine.

[From the New York Herald.]

It is a good platform, and in the main one which we have been advocating for a long time. No one can complain that it does not cover a good deal of ground, for it embraces all the political questions of the time.

[From the Wheeling Register.]

Taken altogether, it is a platform upon which every honest man and true lover of his country can stand.

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The New York *World* thus describes the scene at Tammany Hall consequent upon the reading of the National Democratic platform:

"The reading of the platform, which was at once a pledge, a history, and an indictment, being concluded, there was a silence that could be felt for several seconds. Then, as the tension of attention wore off, and as the consummate character of the document was a matter of lively apprehension, some mercurial man in the Michigan delegation got up and on his own unsolicited responsibility began cheering the grand occasion.—It needed only an example to set all going. The whole convention—its more than 600 delegates and alternates—the immense mass of outside spectators, the dignified occupants of the spacious stage rose as one man and began to thank God with terrific hurrahs. Not less the acceptability of the declaration of principles, than the surcharged feelings of the mighty multitude, demanded an immediate expression of long pent-up pleasure. For nearly five minutes the record can only be a record of ascending acclamations. Every man became a personified hurrah. Handkerchiefs went to the overflowing eyes of many, and then waved in mid-air, as the standards of an immense army. State after State cheered, with a vastness of volume which was extraordinary. Delegates greeted delegates by glances, words, salutations, gestures; and the surrounding sea of men and women became possessed by the same spirit of peace and good will, and high hope for the nearing future."

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A drunken man fell asleep on the roadside, where a pig found him and began to lick him in the mouth. "Who's kissing me now?" exclaimed the drunkard, "what a capital thing it is to be in favor with the women."

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NORTH CAROLINA.—Upon the adoption of the Howard amendment by the North Carolina Legislature Governor Holden telegraphed the fact to General Canby; whereupon that officer telegraphed back that instructions should on that day (July 3d) be sent "to the military commanders in North Carolina to abstain from the exercise of any authority under the reconstruction laws, except to close up unfinished business," and, therefore, "not to interfere in any civil matters unless there should be unlawful or forcible opposition to inauguration of the new State government."

We suspect that these fellows of the Canby school are far more fearful that there will be no resistance than they are that there will be. They are exceedingly anxious to have something to do in the line of herboring and ordering people about from "these headquarters." If the expression of this qualification of the order for non interference has no other value, it will be a sort of carrying out the Radical policy of slurring the whites of the South, and throwing suspicion upon them to the last, as at least an apology for the maintenance of the military despotism over them.

The people of North Carolina are no doubt glad to get rid of Canby. If they were only relieved of that filthy and rascally Bureau, at the same time, they could soon right themselves. They have the numerical, mental, and moral force to do this, if they could only be relieved from the tyranny of the Radical interference from Washington. But the Radicals will not withdraw from meddling and controlling the ballot by corruption until after the Presidential election. —*Rich. Dispatch.*


MISCELLANEOUS.

1868, SPRING STOCK. 1868,

BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,

AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs. Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO

MANUFACTURERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th. door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Feb 7-154-tf

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

PORT-MOUTH, Va.,

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK and PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.
June 17-3m*

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION!

On the 17th day of August 1868, in pursuance of a decree in Equity, made at June Term, 1867, and amended at June Term, 1868, of the Supreme Court of N. C., in the case wherein the Heron Mining Company is complainant and Joseph Weisman is respondent, I shall proceed to sell at the door of the Court House of the County of Wake, in the city of Raleigh, to the highest bidder, the following described property, being all the land and mining interests, mentioned and described in the pleadings, to wit: About

SIXTEEN TRACTS OF LAND,

containing in all some

4,000 ACRES OR MORE.

Also the mining privilege upon two other tracts of some

1,000 ACRES OR MORE.

This land is situate in the County of Wake, and near the city of Raleigh. There is a continuous and many parallel veins of Graphite, Plumbago or Black Lead, much of it of the highest quality, extending throughout the entire chain of tracts, some twelve miles in length.

Terms, 3 per cent cash and the residue of the purchase money upon a credit of one, two and three years.

W. S. MASON,
Jun 30-td Commissioner.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

GREAT INDUCEMENTS AT

WATSON'S GALLERY.

HAVING A LARGE STOCK OF PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES on hand I have concluded to reduce my stock by selling Frames and Cases, with Pictures complete, for about ONE HALF the usual price, for thirty days.

The stock is new and the finest assortment ever brought to this Market. CALL EARLY.
June 27-tf J. W. WATSON.

NOTICE.

BY MUTUAL CONSENT, the copartnership of the firm of G. T. & W. C. STRONACH in this day dissolved. All owing the late firm will come forward and promptly settle, except those by special contract.

GEO. T. STRONACH,
W. C. STRONACH.
June 30-tf.

NOTICE.

We will conduct our business at the store formerly occupied by G. T. & W. C. STRONACH where, at all times, we will serve our customers with pleasure.
June 30-tf W. C. STRONACH & CO.

PRINTER'S NEWS INK.

FOR THE accommodation of our cotemporaries in the State, we propose to keep on hand a quantity of NEWSPAPER INK, manufactured in Philadelphia, and will sell it, for cash, at Philadelphia prices. We have it in kegs of 50 and 25 pounds each, at 20 cts. per pound. The cash must accompany orders. Apply to the
Apr. 6-tf EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

4,000 BUSHELS OF CORN arriving and to arrive at
June 29-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Coffee, Coffee.

20 BAGS MORE RIO COFFEE, at
June 29-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Snuff, Snuff.

5 BBLS. MORE EGERTON SNUFF, Just to hand at
June 5 UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Candles, Candles.

20 BOXES MORE ADAMANTINE CANDLES Just arrived at
June 5-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Sugar, Sugar.

20 BBLS. EXTRA C SUGAR Just received at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Candles, Candles.

70 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES. For sale at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Lard, Lard.

3,000 LBS. FAMILY LARD IN Tierces and Kegs. For sale by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Soap, Soap.

2,500 LBS. ROSIN SOAP. Just received by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Salt, Salt.

100 SACKS MORE FINE SALT For sale at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Leather, Leather.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF HEMLOCK LEATHER. For sale by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Essence of Coffee.

ANOTHER SUPPLY ESS. OF COFFEE. Just received at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Flour, Flour, Flour.

20 BBLS. N. C. FLOUR, in store and for sale, at low price, to close consignment.
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn! Prime White Corn!!

ONE DOLLAR AND A-HALF per bushel. Just received by
June 26 tf D.UGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

5,000 LBS. RIB SIDES, which will be sold for cash, very low, by
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

HERRINGS, HERRINGS.

25 half bbls. N. C. Roe Herrings.
30 " " Cut do
20 " Labrador do
For sale low by
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PRIME CAROLINA RICE.
June 22 tf Just received by DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn.

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN, now arriving at
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

HOTEL CANDLES.
June 22-tf For sale by DOUGLAS BELL.

A NEW ARRIVAL OF

TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES!

At DOUGLAS BELL'S.
June 22-tf

NOW ARRIVING.

30 bbls. N. C. Family Flour.
35 " " Extra Super Flour.
For sale very low by
DOUGLAS BELL,
June 10-tf Commission Merchant.

10 PACKAGES GREEN AND BLACK TEA. For sale by
June 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

30 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES. Just arrived at
June 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

SOLE LEATHER,

TRUNKS, VALISES,
LEATHER AND MOROCCO TRAVELING BAGS,

For Ladies and Gentlemen, at
April 23-tf R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

50 DOZ CANS FRESH PEACHES.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

25 BBLS. PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco.
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

1,000 BUSHELS OF CORN Just received.
April 30-tf W ROB'T ANDREWS, Fayetteville St.

10 CASKS ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER in bottles.
April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON,—Sides and Shoulders, low.
April 30 tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

25 BOXES FRESH CANDLES—Assorted.
April 30-tf. W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

RECEIVED THIS DAY
500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs.
TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

JELLIES, JELLIES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Picahlli, at
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
March 2—tf

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL,)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made Liberal advances given. Commissions light.
Jan 29-148-tf

10 CASES CANNED GOODS,
Mar 18—tf At TONNOFFSKI'S.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

For Sale.

A FEW MORE of the BLUEBORO' CANNED PEACHES.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 26-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

On Consignment.

THE following Extracts and Medicines:

Landanum, Paregoric, Castor Oil, Essence of Lemon, Peppermint, and a superior Rost Po ish.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
may 13-tf Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

7 Bbls Shoulder Bacon, cheap, to close consignment Also
500 Bushels Corn.
July 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

BREAKFAST BACON, BRIGHT AND sweet,—Just the thing to cook with vegetables.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 24-tf Auction & Com Merchants.

SUGARS.

Of the different grades.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 24-tf Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

A NICE LITTLE FARM, within two miles of the City. Comfortable Dwelling, Gin House, Gin and Cotton Press and necessary out-buildings, and a nice young Orchard of select Fruit.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
June 5-tf Auct'rs and Com. Merchants

Just Received.

27 BALES HAY AND FODDER.
June 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO. Commission Merchants.

ALE.—A FRESH SUPPLY IN ½ and ¼ Casks
June 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

WANTED.

BY a competent young man and recent graduate in Medicine, a situation as Druggist.
Apply to
July 2-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

For Sale.

20 BALES PRIME NEW HAY.
W H JONES & CO.,
July 7-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

Sugar, Sugar, Sugar.

C SUGAR. C YELLOW AND YELLOW SUGARS, just to hand and for sale, low, by the barrel.
W. H. JONES & CO.
July 7-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

NICE WELL-CURED Southampton HAMS.
W H JONES & CO,
July 7-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

*CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,*

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy.*

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SMITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1,50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.
Jan 31-148-1y

Just to Hand.

A LARGE LOT of second-hand MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, on consignment, and for sale at very reasonable rates
BRANSON & JONES,
June 19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

INCORPORATED IN 1846

ACCUMULATED ASSETS,

$20,000,000.00.

ANNUAL INCOME,

$7,530,886.89.

SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.

AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the *cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world*, because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rates of expenses less. Simply a Mutual Benefit Society—a combination of individuals united to help one another by the *safest and best* method known; and if a member cannot make but two or three payments, will receive his proportionate amount.

Will issue Policies on any plan desired.

S. D. WAIT, General Ag't,
June 2-tf Raleigh, N. C.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

*OFFICERS:*

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Jan 28-146-tf LEXINGTON, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. R. S. PRIMROSE & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

CRESYLIC SOAPS,

AND

SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

[PATENTED.]

Manufactured under License solely by

JAMES BUCHAN & CO.,

100 Elizabeth Street, New York.

CRESYLIC ACID, well known as certain in its effects for the above purposes, is now for the first time made available for common use. With it become under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

Sheep Dip.

For curing Scab and destroying Insects on Sheep.

5 pound canisters wholesale, $ 1 25
10 do do do 2 25
50 do kegs do 10 00
200 do barrels, do 35 00

Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

Plant Protector.

In solution for destroying and repelling insects from Trees or Plants. In 1 and 3 pound Canisters at 50 cents and $1; larger packages same price as Sheep Dip.

Cresylic Ointment.

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In solution for killing insects, &c., on stock. In 3 pound canisters, $1.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

In tablets for convenient use in washing Horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying insects of all kinds, protecting from Flies, curative of Sores, Scratches and Chafes of all kinds. 50 cents per lb., or in boxes, 3 dozen tablets $5 00.

Laundry and No. 1 Soaps.

For use in scrubbing and in the Laundry.—Send for a descriptive pamphlet.
June 25-3m

WALTER CLARK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.
Jan 29-148-6m

DRY GOODS.

SELLING OUT AT

NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded to offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,

AT

NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.

A. KLINE.

Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.,
June 26-1m Raleigh, N. C

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND JOBBERS IN

FOREIGN AND AMERICAN

DRY GOODS,

RALEIGH, N. C.
April 22-tf

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:

SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—06-tf

HARDWARE &C.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,
Bolting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*
April 30-tf

41 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

WHITE GRANITE DINNER WARE,
GLASS GOBLETS, TUMBLERS AND WINE GLASSES,
BOWLS AND PITCHERS,
WATER PITCHERS.

Just received and for sale,
J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis
Raleigh, N. C., June 30, 1868.

Cotton Plows and Cultivators.

IN STORE MARCH'S PATENTED COTTON Plows and Corn Cultivators approved by all who have tried them.
June 13-tf JAS. M. TOWLES.

COLLINS & HEATH,
23 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

| | |
|---|---|
| Plumbing, | Mount Vernon Cook Stove, |
| Sheet Lead, | Patapsco Cook, |
| Lead Pipe, | Roger Williams's, Universe Cook, |
| Iron Pipe, | Beebe Range, |
| Terra Cotta Pipe, | European Range, |
| Brass Cocks, | Magee Range, |
| Plated Cocks, | Spruce Range, |
| Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs. | Emerald Range, |
| Tin Bath Tube with Heaters, | Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces, |
| Water Closets, | Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick, |
| Iron and China Basins, | Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety. |
| Hydrants, | All the different styles of Grates, |
| Pumps, | High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c., |
| Rams, Fountains, | |
| Water Wheels | |
| Garden Vases, | |
| Water-Coolers, | |
| Refrigerators, &c. | |

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
May 13-1y

A. MILLER,

No. 27 Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR

Rags, Brass, Copper and Furs.

All rags can be shipped by freight, and, on receipt of the Railroad receipt, the shipper can draw on me at sight.
may 13-2w2m*

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also

COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application

W. B. ASTEN & CO.,
June 17-3m 25 PEARL ST., New York City.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY

SAY VIA R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of shippers, North and south, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and south Carolina will testify We past the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $60,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your *Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To insure your Freight being carried over this *Great Inland Air Line* safely, direct your consigners to mark your *Freight, Care of* Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., *via Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

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Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; *N. L. McCready*, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessic.) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, *W. P. Clyde*, Agent.

(FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, *L. B. Parks*, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 20 Light street Wharf.

A. B. ALLEN,
Aug 6-305-tf Freight Ag't Raleigh N. C

SUPT. OFFICE, N. C. RAILROAD CO., Company Shops, N. C., April 1, 1868.

On and after this date the following will be the Schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Charlotte daily | 11.36 P. M. |
| " Salisbury | 2.07 A. M. |
| " Greensboro' | 5.05 A. M. |
| " Raleigh | 9.01 A. M. |
| Arrive at Goldsboro' | 12.25 P. M. |
| Leave Goldsboro' | 12.30 P. M. |
| " Raleigh | 3.30 P. M. |
| " Greensboro' | 7.17 P. M. |
| " Salisbury | 9.36 P. M. |
| Arrive at Charlotte | 11.35 P. M. |

Through passengers by this line have choice of routes via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or via Raleigh and Weldon to Richmond or Portsmouth, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.

Connection is made at Goldsboro' with Passenger trains on W. & W. Road to and from Wilmington, and to Weldon by Freight trains. Also to Newbern on A. & N. C. Road.

Freight trains will leave Charlotte at 2 A. M., and arrive at 6.30 P. M.

April 4-tf JAMES ANDERSON, Supt.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., May 25th, 1868.

On and after May 26th, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mail Train leaves Raleigh | 9.45 A. M. |
| Arrives at Weldon | 2.40 P. M. |
| Mail Train leaves Weldon | 3.15 P. M. |
| Arrives at Raleigh | 8.15 P. M. |
| Freight Train leaves Raleigh | 1.00 P. M. |
| " " arrives at Raleigh | 10.45 A. M. |

The Mail Trains make SURE connections with all points North and South

A. B. ANDREWS,
may 21-tf Supt. of Transportation.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1831.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Gener Commission Merchants,

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales to the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commission.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

Refer to A. M. McPheeters, Esq., Hon. Thos. Bragg, and Hon. B. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. T. Dias, Esq., Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Hill Lenoisburg; Gen. Joshua Barrow, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and Messrs. John Myers & Son, Wennington.
Norfolk, Va., June 4—tf

STAVES WANTED.

We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on ARRIVAL,

| | |
|---|---|
| 600,000 | Red Oak Hhd. Staves, |
| 300,000 | White Oak Hhd. " |
| 100,000 | White Oak " Heading, |
| 75,000 | White Oak Pipe Staves, |
| 50,000 | White Oak Bbl " |

Norfolk Inspection.

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oaks, from September to January next.

Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to

CHARLES BIGG & SON,
Mar 19—tf Norfolk, Va.

TOBACCO AGENCY.

We have received Agencies for the sale of MANUFACTURED and SMOKING TOBACCO, of all brands.

Orders for any quantity will be promptly filled. Parties having any for sale would do well to ship us, as ready sales can be made.

COWARD & HARRISS,
April 21 3m Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

DR. JORDAN,

OF NORFOLK, VA.

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success to point any other treatment ever instituted.

He has devoted much time and treated Female Complaints, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. His discase of the most inveterate character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best records for patients of either class on the American Continent, Norfolk, Va., June 25-tf

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 3 lb., Cans (1qr.) $4.00 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (3qr.) 8.00 " "

ALL WARRANTED FRESH.

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again

Apply to
E. H. POGUE,
Feb 19-154-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

| | |
|---|---|
| Three months | $ 3 00 |
| Six months | 4 00 |
| One year | 8 |
| Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year | 4 00 |
| " " six months | 2 00 |
| Weekly Sentinel, one year | 2 00 |
| " " six months | 1 00 |

# THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, } SEATON GALES.
EDITORS.

MONDAY, JULY 13, 1868

## NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET:

FOR PRESIDENT,

## HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

## GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

### *FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.*

**Personally, we are wholly indifferent to the action of the "House of Representatives," in regard to our Reporter and to the *Sentinel* and its Editors. Scallawags, carpet-baggers, and such niggers as voted in favor of the resolutions, are beneath our contempt. It is a matter of congratulation, that so respectable a young gentleman, as our Reporter in the House, should be relieved of contact with so disreputable a body. Eating the Conservatives and the few respectable Republicans who voted with them, the State has never been so disgraced, except perhaps by its Convention. The speeches made by the carpet baggers, scallawags and niggers, on the occasion, were far more disrespectful to the body than any thing the *Sentinel* has said of them. But they have a poor estimate of what is decent *or* respectable. The effort to get blood out of a turnip would be as successful as to find decency and propriety among such contemptible fellows.**

**Some of our readers, perhaps, would like to have a regular account of the proceedings, but we observe that the press very generally, and many of our readers, already complain of the little interest in the proceedings. We shall, however, keep up such an account of the doings as will enable the public to judge of its action. To these shall be added "pen and ink sketches" of the chief actors of the body, and we promise to rub the *aquafortis* in.**

### *RATIFICATION MEETINGS AND CLUBS.*

**We call upon Democrats and Conservatives, thoughout the State, in *every* County and neighborhood, to call ratification meetings at once, to endorse the *platform* and the *candidates* of the National Democratic Convention.**

**Our platform could not have been better drawn; it is in entire contrast with and opposition to the non-committal affair drawn up at Chicago. It plainly and forcibly enunciates the principles and the policy of the present Democratic organization, and must receive the endorsement of every true patriot.**

**The platform, and the candidates, SEYMOUR AND BLAIR, commend themselves to every lover of the Constitution, every defender of true Democratic principles, and will kindle a blaze of enthusiasm throughout the whole land.**

**We suggest that "*Seymour and Blair*" Clubs be formed at once in all the counties, towns, villages, and in every Captain's District, in the State. Let that be the designation of all the Clubs, "SEYMOUR AND BLAIR." Let our young men, just entering upon the verge of manhood, form Clubs. Let Democrats and Conservatives among the colored voters form "Seymour and Blair" Clubs, if they desire, or by what names they choose. Let every Club be properly officered, with a President, a Treasurer and Secretary, at least. Let each member of the Club have his name entered on the register of the Club, and let each one bind himself to carry out the objects of the Association. That object we understand to be the salvation of the Republic, by the restoration of the Constitution and the utter overthrow of Radicalism and Radical principles,—to wrest the Government from the hands of the revolutionists and the State from the control of the scallawags and carpet-baggers. *Let the people rally.* Let the campfires be re-kindled and the honored names of *Seymour and Blair* be borne aloft to victory.**

### *FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.*

**A Washington letter writer, of the 7th., states that Gen. Howard, Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, has written a letter to Gen. Scott, late of the Bureau in South Carolina, and now "Governor" of the State, which indicates a policy to place the Bureau more and more under the management of the local officers in that State and throughout the South. This view is approved by the Secretary of War, and is in consonence with the amendments to the new bill. Just as soon as the Bureau is put into the hands of the *regular* army officers, and the civil officers of each county, as it always should have been, it will not last three months. Had it been confined to their management, at first, it would not have been continued a year, and the country would have been saved an enormous expense and spared the grossest outrages. It is publicly stated that the Bureau has been kept up to gratify New England, and especially Massachusetts, in order to give employment to many of her population.**

**THE CHIEF JUSTICE FOR THE TICKET.—It is announced, in the Washington papers, with some show of authority, that Judge Chase will give a hearty support to Seymour and Blair, as will *all* the candidates who were voted for in the National Convention.**

**GEN. GRANT and family were at St. Louis, on the 8th. inst. He *desires* no public demonstration, and he does not get it. The quiet, with which he is permitted to pass along, is surprising, and a new thing in this country, if Grant has any popularity.**

### *THE BOND-HOLDERS AND CARPET-BAGGERS.*

There can be no doubt that the Northern bond-holders, through the carpet-baggers, manipulated the framing of the Radical Constitution, and forced upon the General Assembly the duty of providing, at once, for the payment of the interest on the bonds of the State. How much money was paid to effect that, and other objects, accomplished by the Constitution, we are not prepared, of course, to say, but we find the conviction to prevail that a good deal was done in that line.

The same parties are here, or will be here soon, to carry out a still further programme, which will subject North Carolina, at once, to the entire control of Wall Street. We call upon every man, who feels any concern for the independence of North Carolinas, and for the welfare of our native people, to watch closely these movements.

One of the first movements, in the new programme, is the pretended or real sale of the *Standard* to Gen. Littlefield, for (it is rumored) $20,000. It is, henceforth, to be a Yankee concern, bought and paid for by the bond-holders, perhaps, and to have Yankee managers and editors, probably. It is to be enlarged and to have two stenographic reporters. Hence, we believe, the movement against the *Sentinel* reporters.

The present real circulation of the *Standard* would not justify this large expense.—The *Standard* is, henceforth, to be in the interest and control of the bond-holders and carpet baggers, who will, we shrewdly suspect, foot the bills.

The people of the State are warned against the evil purposes of the *clique* which controls the *Standard*. No true friend of the State has, heretofore, taken the *Standard*, because he approved of its principles, but to watch its mischievous course. Under the new regime, the *Standard* can have no power to injure the people or to disturb them, unless they encourage it in its aims to secure the State to the control of the carpet-baggers and the Northern bond-holders.

The *Sentinel* is against the carpet baggers, because they are enemies of the State and of our native people; and it is opposed to the wicked and ungenerous designs of the Northern bond holders, as against the interests of our suffering, needy people. We would not be unjust or ungenerous to the bond-holders, but charity, with us, ought to begin at home.

They will, if necessary, force the lands of the poor people of North Carolina into market, to be sold by the Sheriff, for taxes to pay the Northern bond-holder his interest. The bond-holders will, therefore, become the purchasers of the lands of our people, for one tenth their value, *to pay their interest*. It is rumored that Gen. Abbott, now a candidate for the U. S. Senate, has avowed himself in favor of the policy: *If the poor people of this State are not able to pay the taxes necessary to pay the State's interest, that their lands must be sold to pay it!*

If this be the policy of Gen. Abbott and his friends, can he expect the vote of *true North Carolinians?* Can Gen. Littlefield expect North Carolinians, true men, to back him in his schemes, if *he* favors this plan? Let them speak out. We will support no man for office, for *any* office, who is in favor of compelling the people to pay high taxes, and thus forcing their lands into market, to be bought up, at a mere song, by carpet baggers and bond holders. Let the people look to their own interests!

"THE ALEXANDERS."—Another Bill, removing disabilities, was up in the United States House of Representatives, on Thursday. There are but few North Carolina names embraced in the Bill. While it was under consideration, the following proceedings occurred:

"Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts, moved to include the name of James L. Alexander, of Cleaveland County, North Carolina. Mr. Butler stated that he knew Mr. Alexander, and he was as loyal a man as could be found anywhere.

Mr. French, of North Carolina, said the loyal men of North Carolina had never been able to find a man in the State named Alexander who was loyal.

Mr. Butler asked Mr. French if he was personally acquainted with the gentleman first named. He had been told by an ex-member of this House that Mr. Alexander was now truly loyal.

Mr. French said he was not personally acquainted with the gentleman named, but it was a by-word in North Carolina that such and such an one was as disloyal as the Alexander family."

The name of Alexander is a household word in North Carolina. The ancestors of the family immortalized themselves in the days of '76. They were among the foremost in resisting British tyranny. One of them was a delegate to the celebrated meeting at Halifax, on the 4th of July, 1776; the names of three of them are appended to the memorable Mecklenburg Declaration of May 20, 1775; and still another one of the same name and family was Governor of North Carolina in 1805. We should be loth to believe, and we cannot believe, that any of the descendants of such true and patriotic men are advocates of despotism and usurpation now. Their sires fought the mother country for far less tyrannies than their State is the victim of to-day.

It is such a family, with such a record, that this carpet-bagger, French, (from the Lord knows where,) aspurses with the charge of "disloyalty," and speaks of as a "by-word" in North Carolina! What does *he* know about the Alexander family, or any other decent native family in North Carolina?—It is doubted whether he has acquired a domicile in the State, and *he* to dare to affect a knowledge of our people! And *Butler* to question *French* about native North Carolinians! Such impudence is ineffable.

A DISPATCH to the *Chronicle* says that Gov. Bullock's message recommends the purging of the Georgia Legislature. The Democrats have a majority in the lower House, and the Radicals can secure a working majority only by ousting some of them on the ground of disability under the acts of Congress. The thing will be done. Radicalism stops at no villainy in the pursuit of its objects.

## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

### SENATE.

SATURDAY, July 11, 1868.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Welker, Senator from Guilford.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

By Mr. Shoffner: A bill making Bank bills a sett off. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Welker: A bill relative to Marriage. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Eaves: A bill to attach the County of Catawba to the Tenth Judicial District.

By Mr. Moore, of Yancey: A bill regulating the amount of bonds to be given by the Sheriff and other county officers, in the counties of Mitchell, Yancey, Madison, and McDowell. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. Lassiter: A bill for the relief of Willis T. Grandy, of Granville county.—(The Sheriff having sold a portion of his land for tax, the State being the purchaser, he desires to pay the tax aforesaid and all costs, and reclaim the land.) Referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

By Mr. Beasley: A resolution looking to an early adjournment. Passed, under a suspension of the rules.

On motion of Mr. Welker, a Committee on Public Printing was appointed by the Speaker, viz: Messrs. Welker, Hall and Barnes.

The Senate, in Committee of the Whole, acted upon the following bills on their third reading as follows, to wit:

A bill providing for holding a special term of the Superior Court of law in the County of Caldwell. Rejected.

A Bill to change the name of the town site of Mitchell County from "Davis" to "Bakersville," passed.

A Bill for the relief of the Sheriffs of Northampton, Nash and Wilson Counties. [This bill allows the Sheriffs until the first of Jan. '69 to settle their accounts of public taxes, for the year 1868.]

Numerous amendments were offered, and the Bill was referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

The Committee of the Whole subsequently reported their action to the Senate, and the Senate concurred.

The following Bills and Resolutions were taken up and disposed of as follows, to wit:

Bill providing for the representation of stock owned by the State and the counties of Carteret, Craven and Lenoir, in the Atlantic & North Carolina Rail Road Company, passed its final reading.

Bill amending the Charter of the City of Wilmington passed its several readings, on motion of A. H. Galloway, (negro,) under a suspension of the rules, by a party vote.

(Mr. Robbins opposed the passage of this bill and denounced its object.)

A message was received from the Governor, transmitting his nominations for Directors of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum and asking the concurrence of the Senate.

Mr. Winstead stated that this was a very important matter to consider and he desired more time. He, therefore, moved that the message be laid on the table for the present.

On motion of Mr. Moore, of Carteret, the yeas and nays were called, which resulted as follows: Ayes 37, Nays 5.

[The following are the appointments recommended by the Governor, viz: W. M. Coleman, S. S. Ashley, F. P. Brewer, D. C. Pearson, Thos. Coates, J. H. Harris, (negro,) and Dr. R. B. Ellis.]

A message was received from the House, transmitting a response from the military authorities, in compliance with a resolution relative to election frauds in Caswell county, and informing that body that the papers alluded to are in their possession and can be examined at Headquarters, but cannot be removed from the office.

Leave of absence was granted Mr. Robbins until Tuesday morning.

The Senate then adjourned until Monday morning, 10 o'clock.

[The Reporter was in error on yesterday, in stating that Mr. Lindsay voted against the resolution, introduced by Mr. Robbins, on the fundamental condition of the Omnibus bill. He voted for the resolution.]

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[LAST ESSAY OF OUR REPORTER.]

SATURDAY, July 11, 1868.

According to adjournment, the House was called to order at 10½ o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Long, of the House.

Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Sinclair arose to a question of privilege. He said that he had the honor to represent a large and wealthy constituency, who paid a large amount of taxes, and he thought it rather strange that he, and his colleague, (Mr. Procter,) should have been put on such unimportant Committees.

The Chair said that there were important Committees not yet announced.

Mr. Procter also made some remarks, but in so low a tone, that the Reporter, *in the lobby*, could not hear.

James Harris, negro, from the Select Committee, to whom was referred a resolution to provide some means to relieve the sufferings of the poor and the necessitous of the medium class of farmers, reported a bill, empowering the County Commissioners of any given County to apply certain sums of money towards relieving their necessities.

On motion of Harris, negro, the bill was ordered to be printed and laid on the desks of the members on Monday morning.

RESOLUTIONS, &c.

By J. C. Abbott, (carpet-bagger from New Hampshire, and would be U. S. Senator:) A bill to provide for a complete outfit for the offices of the Superintendents of Public Works and Public Instruction. Lies over.

A message was received from the Governor, notifying the House of the appointment of a Board of "Directors" for the Deaf, the Dumb and Blind Asylum (see Senate proceedings.)

J. C. Abbott (who says that there is no difference between him and a negro,) presented a bill to amend Chapter 85, Revised Code.

On motion, the rules were suspended and the bill passed its several readings and was sent to the Senate.

The House then concurred in the Governor's message in regard to the appointment of Directors of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum.

CALENDAR.

Gunter's resolution, in regard to the location of a State Penitentiary, was taken up, read and referred to the appropriate Committee.

Mr. Sinclair's resolution to petition Congress to remove the disabilities of all members elected to seats on this floor was next reached.

Parker offered a proviso that the members elect first give the Reconstruction acts their acquiescence.

Mr. Sinclair accepted.

On motion, it was made the special order for Tuesday morning next, at 11 o'clock.

The resolution authorizing the Committee on Privileges and Elections to consider and report upon each individual case of those at present disqualified from taking their seats, was adopted.

A resolution to instruct the Finance Committee to report, as soon as possible, a bill of relief for the poor, was adopted.

A resolution by Estes, (a recent importation from Yankeedom, called "General," and who claims New Hanover County as his present abode,) to employ a couple of Messengers, at a salary of $3 per day, was next taken up.

Mr. Durham said that, in the past, the Doorkeepers had been always deemed amply sufficient to do all the work. As the work had not grown a whit more heavy, he did not see the reason why Messengers should be employed, and moved to lay the resolution on the table.

The motion was put to a vote and carried.

By consent, Seymour offered a bill to provide for registration of voters in the city of Wilmington.

[The Clerk read so badly and indistinctly, that the Reporter in the lobby could not catch the tenor of the bill. It gives the Governor the power to appoint said Board of Registration, allows every body to vote *on a thirty days' residence*, and orders the publication of the bill in two of the Journals of that city.]

Estes (whipper in for Abbott, and great among the carpet-baggers) moved to amend by striking out "two" and inserting, in lieu thereof, "one" newspaper.

Mr. Sinclair said he could not vote for the bill, in its present shape. It was bad policy, to say the least of it. It was in fact, an oppression, and he would not consent to the proscription of any man or set of men.

Estes (the Snarling Carpet Bagger) said that he had been abused, in every way, by the Democratic press of that City, and he would never vote to give them a cent's worth of patronage.

They were dirty copper-head Journals. He said, moreover, that it was pretty well understood among *them*, that Mr. Sinclair had been a correspondent of one of those Journals.

Mr. Sinclair denied the assertion. He was not, and never had been, one of their correspondents. He said that a large class of tax payers and voters never read the *Post*, (the Republican organ in Wilmington,) and they should be allowed to see the law in print. As far as politics was concerned, he was a Republican, but he did not come here to represent one class, to the total and unjust exclusion of another.

Abbott (who says he's not white) said that his constituents (the mean whites and niggers of Wilmington,) had nominated a municipal ticket, that represented a million and a half of property, and that the negro part of his constituents were large tax payers. (Whew!) He had also been abused and slandered by the Conservative Press, and now that they had the power, he was in favor of showing no mercy, whatever. He intended to fight this feeling against *gentlemen* of Northern birth, who came down South to make *an honest living*. If anybody, who did not take the *Post*, wanted information in regard to the act, they could buy a copy of the paper for 5 cents. He and others had spent thousands of dollars to sustain that sheet, &c.

Seymour said that it should be published in all of the papers in the city.

Estes' amendment was put to a vote and lost.

Mr. Sinclair moved to strike out "two newspapers," and insert "all the newspapers in the city, for ten days."

Abbott (Chief Engineer of the scallawags, who had, like his greaser, Estes, grown mad,) moved, as a substitute, that the publication of the bill be in the form of *hand bills*.

After a good deal of dispute, Abbott's substitute was adopted, and the bill, as amended, passed its second and third readings.

By Vest: A bill to continue in office the Mayor and Commissioners of Salem.

Vest moved a suspension of the rules in order to adopt at once.

Abbott (nigger-worshipper from New Hampshire) moved its reference to the proper Committee, saying that he thought it within the province of the "Governor" to make appointments. The bill was referred.

CALENDAR RESUMED.

Mr. Durham's resolution, censuring the Speaker's action in excluding the *Sentinel* Reporter, yesterday, was next reached and read, when

Estes, (hairy, jimber-jawed man from parts unknown,) offered a series of resolutions as a substitute: 1st. Sustaining the Speaker's action; 2nd, Excluding the Reporter, not only from the Reporter's table, *but from the lobbies and galleries*.

Mr. Durham said that this matter of attempting to muzzle a free and independent Press was first begun in the Convention last winter, and the resolution passed by that body had never been acted upon. He had hoped that the Republican party had grown ashamed of themselves, and resolved to stop such contemptible and illegal proceedings. The Editors of the *Sentinel* had instructed their Reporter to use the term "negro," for the information of their readers, and had, time and again, disclaimed any intention of insulting the African portion of this Assembly, by using the word 'negro.' Why should a negro be ashamed of his color? He could not help it, and if he is really a negro, then why not call him so? If he is not a negro, then, in the name of Heaven, *how* do you classify him? Is he a white man, Indian or what? He (Mr. D.) regarded the action of the Speaker, in this matter, as an infringement upon the liberty of the press—a usurpation of unwarranted power. If the Radicals on this floor think by this proscriptive course, because they have an overwhelming majority, to intimidate Conservative gentlemen and Presses, they will soon find themselves mistaken. We regard this action of your Speaker, and the purposes of the substitute for my resolution, as a despotic and unconstitutional use of power, and, as such, we now solemnly protest against it. I did not come here to be factious, but it is my sworn duty, while sitting on this floor, to protest against assaults upon the freedom of the press, the great bulwark of liberty. I have heard leading men among the negro race, often and over again, say that they gloried in being called negroes. I believe it is because you are *afraid* to have your acts and proceedings looked into, and fairly discussed, that you now seek to shackle a free press.

Mr. Durham continued for some time, in one of his most able and effective speeches. His arguments were unanswerable—and his exposure of Radical rascality complete.

Cawthorne, (negro,) said that the word "negro" was used to insult their pheelinks and *dignity*, and he protested against its being used in the Hall.

Morris, (negro,) did not object to being called negro, outside of the Hall, but thought the *Sentinel* used it as a slur against them, and, therefore, would vote for the substitute.

Mr. Pou sustained the action of the Speaker, but objected to that part of Estes' substitute, that excluded the Reporter from the lobbies and galleries.

Mr. Sinclair said that while he did not fully concur with Mr. Durham, yet he must join in the protest, as a matter of expediency. You cannot expect men, who were but yesterday the lords of race, to forget their prejudices, and learn, as it were, a new vocabulary. What means this attack upon the press? This is the second one, to-day. We are going to stand by the rights of the people, though the party lash is daily cracked over our heads, and we are told if we do not thus and so, we must take up our baggage and travel. We have defeated our enemies in the field of political contest. Now it is time we should be generous as conquerors. It cannot be denied that we have a majority of the reading public, and when it goes out to the world that we have excluded a journal of the opposite party from the House, *for simply clinging to a term always used and certainly true*, what will they think?

Estes (Yankee adventurer, carpet-bagger and nigger worshipper,) ripped and snorted, for a while, and only stopped when he found no one was taking the least notice of him.

Abbott, (the pompous Shaker, who does Gov. Holden's bidding in the Legislature and wants to be U. S. Senator,) repeated one of his old Convention speeches, and then, with an air of great dignity, resumed his seat.

Mr. Durham then said that if any member was insulted by any officer or guest of the House, he would vote for excluding him, but in this case no insult had been given, none was intended, and we now once and for all protest against this disgraceful proceeding. And I now tell you that, if you think you are going to choke off all enquiry into your action in this legislature, you will find yourselves wofully deceived.

[The debate covered too large a space to be given in full. Suffice it to say that, after able and eloquent speeches by Messrs. Durham, Gatling and Sinclair, exposing completely the rascality of the whole proceeding, and a number of malicious falsehoods on the part of the Radicals, the substitute, after being slightly amended, was put to a vote.]

On the demand of Mr. Durham, the yeas and nays were called, and resulted in the following ballot:

AYES.—Messrs. Abbott, Ashworth, Bowman, Barnes, Candler, Clayton, of Chowan, Cherry, negro, Ellington, Estes, Foster, Forkner, negro, Gilbert, Graham, Hotchngs, Harris, of Wake, negro, Hoffman, Horney, Hodgin, Hayes, negro, Ingram, Justice, of Henderson, Justice, of Rutherford, Kinney, Leary, negro, Mayo, negro, Morrill, Morris, negro, McCanless, Peck, Price, negro, Proctor, Robbins, negro, Rentrow, Reynolds, Rhodes, Stilley, Simmons, Seymour, Stevens, Sweat, negro, Siegrist, Vest, Wilson, Wiswall.

NAYS.—Armstrong, Boddie, Clayton, of Transylvania, Durham, Ellis, Farrow, Fercbee, Gatling, Gibson, Green, Hodnett, Hicks, High, Harris, of Franklin, Hawkins, Kelly, of Davie, Kelly, of Moore, Moore, Matheson, Robinson, Smith, of Allegany, Sinclair, Shaver, Thompson, Williams.

Mr. Ellis offered an admirable protest,—(which shall appear hereafter,) signed by all the Conservatives in the House,—protesting solemnly against the resolution as a blow struck at the freedom of the press.

Various attempts were made by the scallawags to have it ruled out of order, but the Chair seemed to have some remnant of justice still within him, and decided the point against them.

After further squabbling, the House then adjourned until 10½ o'clock on Monday.


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**For Sale.**

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF

**TIN WARE,**

Consisting of Coffee Pots, Covered Buckets, Wash Basins, Pans, Cups, Pie Plates, Pepper Boxes and Strainers, —to be sold low.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 13 tf — Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

**Almonds, Almonds.**

TWO BARRELS SOFT SHELL ALMONDS.
For sale by
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 13-tf — Auction'rs & Com. Merchants.

**For Sale.**

5,000 CHEAP CIGARS, to close consignment.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 13-tf — Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

GLASS PRESERVE JARS,
STONE JARS,
JUGS AND CHURNS,
OLD DOMINION NAILS,
MOULDING, BEAD,
JACK AND FORE PLANES.
Just received at
**THOS. H. BRIGGS',**
July 10-tf

**RALEIGH**
SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY.
All orders promptly attended to.
THOS. H. BRIGGS,
July 10-tf — Proprietor.

**I. O. O. F.**

THE NEXT ANNUAL MEETING of the R. W. Grand Lodge, of Independent Order Odd Fellows, of the State of North Carolina, will be held in the Hall of Concordia Lodge, No. 11, in the town of Beaufort, on Tuesday, the 21st day of July inst.

A full representation of the Lodges in the State is especially desired.

J. W. GULICK,
July 10-td — Gran: Secretary.

**Henderson Collegiate Institute,**
HENDERSON, N. C.
FRED A. FETTER, A. M., Principal.
CHARLES FETTER, A. B., Assistant.

THE FIFTH SESSION of this Institution will open on Wednesday, 1st July, 1868.

Course of study designed to prepare boys for any University, or for business.

TERMS:

Per Session of 20 weeks—half in advance, balance on the 1st September:

Tuition and Board, (with the Principal,) fuel and lights included, $115,00.

Each Student is required to furnish a pair of blankets, a pair of sheets, a pair of pillow-cases and his towels.

Circulars sent on application
June 16—3tawlm

**R. H. GRAVES' SCHOOL,**
**WILLIAMSBORO', N. C.**

COURSE OF STUDIES: Ancient Languages and English Branches, including, if desired, the higher Mathematics and Book-keeping.

TERMS:—For Tuition and Board, per session of 20 weeks, one hundred and thirty dollars in advance. Each Pupil providing for himself, one pair of Sheets, one pair of Pillow-cases, washing and lights.

The Fall Session of 1868 opens on Monday, 13th of July.
June 20-aw1m

**LOUISBURG MALE ACADEMY,**
**FRANKLIN COUNTY, N. C.**

THE FALL SESSION of this Institution will begin on the second Monday in July, 1868.

TERMS PER SESSION OF 21 WEEKS:

| | |
|---|---|
| Board with the Principals, (washing, lights and towels not included,) | $70 00 |
| Tuition in Primary Department, | 15 00 |
| " Regular English Course, | 20 00 |
| Latin, Greek and French, each, extra, | 5 00 |

Board must be paid quarterly in advance. All accounts for Tuition are due at the close of the session, and will be promptly presented for payment.

Circulars sent on application.

M. S. DAVIS, A. M. } *Principals.*
W. J. KING, A. M. }
June 19-4w

**VINE HILL ACADEMY.**
**Scotland Neck, N. C.**

THIRD SESSION begins July 10th. Tuition $40 and and $25. Board and tuition, including every thing except washing, $125.

Address J. M. LOVEJOY.
July 1-2aw4w

**COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.**

**Louisburg Female College,**
**FRANKLIN CO., N. C.**

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare, kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to T. M. JONES,
June 15-tf — President.

**TRINITY COLLEGE, N. C.**

THE FALL TERM commences Aug. 5, 1868.

EXPENSES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Tuition, per term | $30 00 |
| Tuition in Preparatory and Special Schools | 20 00 to 30 00 |
| Board, including furnished room, per month | 11 00 to 12 00 |
| Whole expense, including tuition, board, washing, fuel and Janitor's fee, per term | 75 00 to 95 00 |

All expenses to be paid in currency; Board monthly in advance; Tuition, one half in advance, the remainder at the middle of the term; books and stationery on delivery.

Any departure from these regulations must be by special arrangement.

Indigent young men and patrons, desiring some indulgence, should correspond with the President of the Faculty.

For full information as to course of study, Special Schools &c., send for a Catalogue.

On all matters pertaining to the College, apply to Dr. Craven, Trinity College, N. C.

J. T. WYCHE
July 2-cod2w* — Sec. Board Trustees.

Wilmington Journal, Norfolk Journal, Danville Times, Charlotte Democrat and Wadesboro Argus publish four times each, and send bill to Rev. Dr. Craven, at Trinity.

**Wake Forest College, N. C.**

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will open on the first day of August 1868 with the prospect of increased patronage and success. The complete assurance given at the recent Commencement of the stupendous re-organization of the University system to the wants of the times, and of its feasibility, encourages us to hope that the College has entered upon a career of popularity and usefulness hitherto unknown in its history. The financial embarrassments to which all Southern Colleges have been subjected are not felt to the same extent at Wake Forest, as at some others, in consequence of the considerable amount of original endowment saved, and of the favorable reception with which the Agent of the College meets in securing additional funds. An expenditure of more than $2,000 has been recently made in improving the condition of the building and grounds.

Determined to bring its advantages within reach of the largest number possible, the Trustees, seconded by the community, have reduced the price of Board and Tuition to the lowest practicable rates.

The officers of instruction are gentlemen of tried ability in their several departments, and the success attending their efforts in the past is the best guarantee the public can have for the future.

The location of the College in point of healthfulness and accessibility, (being situated on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad a few miles from the Capital of the State,) is not surpassed by that of any other in the land; while the moral and social influences connected with and surrounding it, and the peculiar discipline enforced, present inducements to patronage of no ordinary kind.

A system of PUBLIC LECTURES on literary and scientific subjects has been introduced, with a view to increase the interest of the young men in the several departments of study, and to furnish additional incentives to investigation and research.

Extensive and well selected LIBRARIES belonging to the Societies, and complete APPARATUS, PHILOSOPHICAL and CHEMICAL, are not to be omitted in the enumeration of the advantages possessed.

Another encouraging feature is that there are, at present, thirteen young men engaged in studies preparatory to the work of the Ministry; and it may not be amiss to state that any Minister, who may apply for admission, will receive tuition in all the departments free of charge, and those of this class, who are without means, are encouraged to apply to the Board of Education for further assistance.

EXPENSES IN CURRENCY:

| | |
|---|---|
| Tuition for Preparatory School (per Session) | $30 00 |
| " " Collegiate Course, " " | 35 00 |
| Board per week in private families (table fare) | 2 50 to 3 00 |
| Board, per week, with lodging, | 3 0 to 3 75 |
| Room rent (to those lodging in College Building) per session | 3 00 |
| Servants' hire " " | 3 00 |
| Washing, per month, | 1 50 |

No Student is permitted to register his name until College dues are paid.

W. T. BROOKS,
June 22-d3wtAug15 — Sec. Board of Trustees.

**Thomasville Female College,**
**THOMASVILLE, N. C.**

THE FALL SESSION of this institution will commence on Tuesday, the 4th of August and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD: $10 per month, and other charges proportionally low. SIXTY DOLLARS must be prepaid by each young lady on entering, and the balance at the close of the term.

The Faculty is full and composed of able and experienced Teachers. The course is extensive embracing all the solid and ornamental branches taught in other Female Colleges. The religious advantages are unsurpassed.

This College is located between Salisbury and Greensboro', in one of the most beautiful and healthy towns on the N. C. Central Railroad, and is in two miles of the celebrated "Helton Chalybeate Springs." And at the additional expense of 25 cents per day any of the "College girls" can have the constant use of the water.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, address REV. D. R. BRUTON,
June 24-d2aw.swtwt10th aug. — President.

**Select Boarding and Day School,**
**HILLSBORO', N. C.**

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK,
PRINCIPALS.

THE FALL TERM OF 1868 opens July 24th and closes Dec 10th.

Circulars furnished on application.
July 4-3tawlm

**J. H. HORNER'S**
**Classical and Mathematical School,**
**OXFORD, N. C.**

THE NEXT SESSION will open the THIRD MONDAY IN JULY.

Terms as heretofore, except that no Stage fare between Oxford and Henderson will be charged to Students, either coming or returning.
June 26-2w*

**BINGHAM SCHOOL,**
**MEBANEVILLE, N. C.**

FALL TERM opens July 22nd. Address
COL. WM. BINGHAM.
June 20-1m.

**Charlotte Female Institute,**
**CHARLOTTE, N. C.**

REV. R. BURWELL, } *Principals.*
JNO. B. BURWELL, A. M. }

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the 1st of October, 1868, and continue until 30th June, 1869.

The Session is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and pupils can be entered for the whole session or for one term.

The charge for Board (including every expense, washing, fuel, lights, &c.,) with Tuition in English Branches, will be $130, per term of 20 weeks. Music, Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting, *extra*, at usual charges.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address
Rev. R. BURWELL & SON,
July 11-3m — Charlotte, N. C.

**School Notice.**

THE SIXTH SESSION of the School of Miss FRANCES A. HAYWOOD will commence on Monday, the 13th of July, at the residence of Miss F. F. Haywood, East of the State Bank.
July 8-4d*

**BOOK STORES.**

**WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,**

**BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,**

OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH, N. C.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A LARGE STOCK OF

**SCHOOL BOOKS,**

**STANDARD WORKS,**

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually kept in their line of business.

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

AGENTS FOR

**WILCOX & GIBBS' FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.**
June 22-3m

E. BRANSON, J. A. JONES
Ag't N. C. Business Directory

**BRANSON & JONES,**
SUCCESSORS TO
**Branson, Farrar & Co.,**

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

*BOOKS AND STATIONERY,*

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.
BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29 1-tf — Raleigh, N. C.

NICHOLSON'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, in 6 vols. just received and for sale at
BRANSON & JONES
June 19-tf — Raleigh.

**New and Elegant Books,**

JUST RECEIVED:

Globe edition of Dickens' Works.
Bulwer's
Shakspeare's
Burns' and others.

Abbotsford Waverly Novels.

All new, nice and cheap, at
BRANSON & JONES'.
July 6-tf

**MISCELLANEOUS**

**JULY, 1868.**

AS THE SEASON HAS CONSIDERABLY advanced, and money is scarce,

**BARGAINS**

may be had from our Large Stock of

**DRY GOODS,**

**HATS, SHOES,**

**TRUNKS,**

&c., &c., &c.

NOW IS THE TIME for piece or package purchasers, and for Country Merchants.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
July 7-tf

MANUFACTURER OF

**GOLD AND SILVER WARE**

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

**Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Specta cles,**

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.
June 1-3m

COLGATE & CO.'S NEW YORK

**COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,**

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers.
Jan. 22—d3m

**Notice.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, at the expiration of thirty days from the date hereof, application will be made to the General Assembly of North Carolina, for the passage of a Bill granting a Charter for purposes of Insurance to a Company to be known as the "NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL HOME INSURANCE COMPANY."
Raleigh, N. C., July 8th, 1868-w4w

**CABBAGE SEED.**

Large Late Drumhead.
Large Late Flat Dutch.
Drumhead Savoy, &c., for sale by
JORDAN & CARR.
Petersburg, July 6-tf — Druggists.

DR. CHALONER'S CHOLERA MEDICINE cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.
For sale by JORDAN & CARR,
Petersburg, July 6-tf — Druggists.

OIL OF BAY LEAVES!

The best article known for beautifying and preserving the HAIR. Prepared and sold by
JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Sycamore, corner Washington St.
July 6-tf — Petersburg, Va.

**FRESH TURNIP SEED.**

Large White Flat Dutch.
Large White Norfolk.
Red Top Strap Leaved and
Purple Top Yellow Buts Bags.
Just received by
JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
July 6-tf — Petersburg, Va.

# THE SENTINEL.

## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

MONDAY, JULY 13, 1868.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—A large consignment of Tin Ware: W. H. Jones & Co.

Cheap Cigars, Soft-Shell Almonds: W. H. Jones & Co.

THE TIME AND PLACE for the Ratification meeting in this City will be announced in due time.

SERGEANT AT ARMS AND REPORTERS.—We learn that the carpet-baggers are bent upon having a Sergeant at Arms and Reporters, at the public expense. It will be an outrage upon the people of the State. What was allowed the Sergeant at Arms by the Convention? To whom was he responsible? To whom did he make his report? Will the native Republican members of the Senate and House allow this? Then, again, are they ready to make new offices, every day, to gratify the greed of the carpet-baggers? If so, we shall keep the people posted.

ANNUAL MEETING.—Col. Whitford, the President of the N. C. and Atlantic Rail Road, has officially called the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Road, at Morehead City, on the 30th. inst. It appears that the Holden Board, or somebody without authority, had called the meeting on the 24th. inst. The only legal meeting is the one called by Col. Whitford.

These Radicals have no regard for law and order. A whim, or an electioneering trick, or something to show their venom, have far greater influence on them, than laws or Constitutions.

N. C. RAILROAD,—CLOSING PROCEEDINGS OF STOCKHOLDERS.—The meeting re-convened, on Friday afternoon.

The resolution, authorizing the Directors to issue Bonds to the amount of $700,000, if they saw fit, was taken up. Amendments were offered, but lost, and the original motion was carried, by the *State Proxy* voting in the affirmative.

Mr. Parsley, on behalf of himself and the other individual Stockholders voting in the negative, desired that their protest should be entered on the record.

Henderson Adams, P. B. Hawkins and Gen. Rufus Barringer were appointed Committee of Finance.

The resolution of Gen. Barringer, laid on the table in the morning, authorising the North Carolina Rail Road Company to extend aid to the Columbia and Augusta Branch Railroad Company, was taken up and adopted.

T. J. Foster, B. B. Roberts and William Murdock were appointed a Committee to verify proxies, at the next annual meeting of the Stockholders.

At a meeting of the new Directors of the Road, the following officers were elected, viz: W. A. Smith, of Johnston, President; Albert Johnson, of Raleigh, Superintendent; G. M. Lea, Treasurer, and F. A. Stagg, Secretary.

The Hon. Josiah Turner, the late President, and Mr. Anderson, the late Superintendent, retire, the victims of Executive and party malice, with the unanimous commendation of the individual Stockholders, and with a high reputation for successful and skillful management. We shall not prejudge the new appointees.

Gov. VANCE was announced to speak at a grand Ratification meeting in Richmond, on Saturday night.

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.—This institution sustains well its former character under the control of E. W. Adams, Esq., as President. Mr. A. is an instructor of long experience, and he is ably assisted. The late Commencement was a success and was largely attended. The Fall session opens the first Monday in August.

WILMINGTON.—The municipal election in Wilmington takes place on the 20th. There being no disfranchisement, as to voting, under the new Constitution, it is hoped that the white men of the City, by a proper effort, can still retain control of the municipal Government.

THE STATE "PAYS THE PIPER."—A GREAT OUTRAGE.—It is well known that all the arrangements for the late partisan celebration of the 4th. of July were made at "Republican Headquarters." As a part of the programme, a large stage was erected in Capitol Square, from which "Gov." Holden might deliver an "Inaugural Address" to the Legislature and the multitude of negroes who were expected to be present. It has always been the custom, heretofore, for the Governor to deliver his Inaugural in one of the Halls of the Capitol. No one, certainly, could object to the new "Governor's" reading his Inaugural in the Capitol Square, according to the programme fixed up at "Republican Headquarters," if he preferred to do so. That was simply a matter of taste. But it is a great outrage that the *people's money* should be taken to pay the expenses of this "Republican Headquarters" affair. But we learn that this has been done, and that a warrant on the State Treasury for $268.19, as the expense of constructing the staging referred to, was drawn *and, therefore, of course, paid!* This is but the beginning of the *raids* that are to follow on the public fund.

IN EVERY SECTION of the country, the National Democratic nominations are being recieved with great enthusiasm,—with cannon, bonfires and illuminations. On our first page will be found a few extracts from the Press on the Platform.

HON. JOHN A. GRISWOLD, of Rensselaer Co., N. Y., has been chosen as the Radical candidate to succeed Gov. Fenton, of that State. The Rads. have put him up only to be beaten.

### *PEDIGREES WANTED.*

We will pay the highest cash price for a correct pedigree and history of the delectable carpet baggers, scalawags, and colored, mixed, saddle-back or putty colored, as well as the honest, "negro" participants in the show, yclept the "House of Representatives." Send them along as soon as possible. Let them be true and faithful to the subject of the picture.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C., July 9, 1868.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Education for the State of North-Carolina, the following resolution was adopted and ordered to be published for the information of all concerned, viz:

*Resolved*, That the exercises of the University be discontinued until further notice.

W. W. HOLDEN, President
S. S. ASHLEY, Secretary
of State Board of Education.

Our attention has been called to the foregoing extraordinary announcement.

The action of the Board of Trustees, at Commencement, in ordering the continuance of the exercises at the University, was prompted by a desire to keep its head above water as long as possible, and predicated upon the idea that they were legally responsible for the *property*, &c., of the University, until their successors were appointed.

In our tender and anxious solicitude for the University, we restrain our pen in this matter. Heaven grant that the University may not, like that noble Institution of mercy, the Insane Asylum, be sacrificed to the Moloch of party greed and malice!

WE CONFESS that we did not know, until a day or two since, that "Attorney General" Coleman signalized himself on the 4th. of July, by a "speech," as well as "Gov." Holden, Judge Reade, "Lt. Gov." Caldwell and Cuffee Mayo. But it seems that he did,—only he was reserved for night, the pyrotechnics, sky-rockets and fizzing-wheels. The Richmond *Dispatch* thus notices Coleman's splurge:

"After all this, yet came another comedian, as a sort of "Epilogue," who "celebrated 4th. of July" with an amount of comical bathos and pathetic burlesque not often achieved by the greatest artists in travestie. He concluded with a worn out poetic quotation about "Ringing in" and "Ringing out," which, strange to say, was quoted on the same day by Forney, and, we believe, the Radical McKay, of Charleston, and half a dozen other Radical "Bombastes." There is such a proclivity for the "rings" of all sort amongst the rapacious Radicals, that this poem is admirably suited to their orations!

Thus ended the farce played in dear old Raleigh (sooth to say) on the 4th. of July. We may in truth say that if he who was the author of this farce had hanged himself it would have been a delightful tragedy!"

TO BE A JUDGE.—The following paragraph appears in the Raleigh correspondence of the Wilmington *Journal*:

"By the way, you will perceive that a resolution was introduced in the House on Saturday, looking to this immaculate *Judge's* (oh! sorrow for North Carolina!) impeachment, based upon a recent article in the *Journal*, exposing his conduct at Weldon, and upon the further fact that the Mayor of this city had issued a warrant against him for an exposure of his person while in a state of intoxication. The following story is current on the streets:

While *Jaybird* was in the condition referred to in the Mayor's warrant, he passed two gentlemen—one a former distinguished Judge of North Carolina, and the other one of the *high-up* Radical Judges elect.—Said the latter to the former: "Judge, doesn't *that* make you ashamed that you ever were a Judge?" The admirable reply was: "No, sir; *I* was a Judge under the honored old Constitution, when it *was* a credit to be a Judge. If I were a Judge under the new *regime*, I *should* be ashamed!" Wasn't *that* a shot between wind and water?

The above joke, we have also heard, actually occurred, and is too good to be lost. The shame of the Radicals was of short duration. They have concluded to shut-up about *Jaybird* and let him pass. In point of morals, he is as good as most of them. Among a certain set of Radicals, the more offensive to decency and good morals, the more acceptable and deserving of office.

### *THE NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.*

The following is nearly a complete list of the National Democratic Executive Committee,—one member being named by each State delegation:

Alabama—John Forsyth, Mobile.
Arkansas—John M. Harrell, Little Rock.
California—[Not agreed.]
Connecticut—Wm. M. Converse, Franklin.
Delaware—Samuel Townsend, Newcastle.
Florida—Charles E. Dyke, Tallahassee.
Georgia—A. H. Colquitt, Alabany.
Illinois—Wilbur F. Story, Chicago.
Indiana—William E. Niblack.
Iowa—Daniel C. Finch, Des Moines.
Kansas—Isaac E. Eaton, Leavenworth City.
Kentucky—Thomas C. McCreery, Owensboro.
Louisiana—Jas. McCloskey, New Orleans.
Maine—Sylvanus R. Lyman, Portland.
Maryland—Odin Bowie, Prince George.
Massachusetts—Frederick O. Prince, Boston.
Michigan—Wm. A. Moore, Detroit.
Minnesota—Charles W. Nash, St. Paul.
Mississippi—Chas. E. Hooker, Jackson.
Missouri—Chas. A. Zwarts, St. Louis.
Nebraska—G. L. Miller, Omaha.
Nevada—J. W. McCorkle, Virginia City.
New Hampshire—Harry Bingham, Littleton.
New Jersey—John McGregor, Newark.
New York—(Not agreed.)
North Carolina—Thomas Bragg, Raleigh.
Ohio—John G. Thompson, Columbus.
Oregon—J. C. Hawthorn, Portland.
Pennsylvania—Isaac Eskister, Lancaster.
Rhode Island—Gideon Bradford, Charleston.
South Carolina—Chas. H. Simonton, Charleston.
Tennessee—John W. Leftwich, Memphis.
Texas—John Hancock, Austin.
Vermont—H. B. Smith, Milton.
Virginia—John Goode, Norfolk.
West Virginia—John Hall, Port Pleasant.
Wisconsin—Frederick W. Horn, Cedartown.

FAREWELL SPEECH OF REVERDY JOHNSON—AFFECTING SCENE.—Reverdy Johnson took his farewell of the Senate to day. The scene was a very affecting one. He attempted to read the speech which he had prepared, but his feelings overcame him, and he found he could neither see the words nor had he the voice to enunciate them. His frame trembled violently, and he was so filled with emotion that he was forced to take his seat. Senator Vickers, of Maryland, finished the reading, when all the Senators gathered about Mr. Johnson, and bade him good-bye.—*Special Telegram, 11th.*

### *THE BOGUS LEGISLATURE.*

This body is in full blast. The not "truly loil" have been, as far as possible, excluded; first by Gen. Canby's order, and after that ceased to operate, by *our* conscientious Assembly, in defiance of the new "Constitution" and the Reconstruction Acts, running the thing on its own hook.

But "where's the boddy, so you're 'appy?" "We're home," (Judge Reade says,) and the faithful are rewarded, and "our son" Joseph W. is Speaker of the "House," and that "blessed baby," from Buncombe, is Reading Clerk. Dirt cheap for the price! His curls alone are worth twice the money! Speaker Joseph W. winds up his address, [on taking the Chair,] "mightily." Hear him:

"No paltry State limits confine our patriotism or curb our energies. As grand and vast as American soil, are our future hopes! As high as her mountain peaks, are our aspirations! As swift as the hill torrent are the feet of her sons, and as terrible as the winds is the wrath of her children. Mighty nation! Grand Republic! May North Carolina be the brightest in thy constellation and the loveliest of thy train!"

Hoo-r roo—hoor-roo! 'Rah for Coll and Granttax! Run here, all you niggers, and hear the brass band play! The "loil" orator was still alive at last accounts. Lieut. Gov. Tod. R., President of the Senate, exhorts "us" "victors in the late contest"—[my! we had thought it was mostly Yankees who shot all them thar bullets,]—to "compel the admiration and gratitude of the vanquished, by an exhibition of charity, that noblest of christian virtues, and forgiveness of all those who by good works show repentance," &c. Our noble friend! It is so like him! We expected nothing less from his characteristic christian-charitable excellence of heart. Where is our other dear friend, Mr. Pecksniff! Certes, it is a pity his Vice-Excellency cannot excite our admiration, and astonishment also, by the exhibition of a little common honesty, in his rulings from the Chair—as witness his decision that the Howard Amendment is in force in North Carolina, though not in the so-called Constitution, nor yet in that of the United States; so as to exclude Conservative Senators.

But go on, *gentlemen*, you are doing as well as we expected.—*Asheville News.*

A BILL TO REDUCE THE ARMY.—The Chairman of the House Military Committee will present a bill to morrow reducing the army to the number of 20,000 men, and providing that supernumerary officers shall be placed on half pay, and that re-appointments shall be made to fill vacancies occurring in future until the minimum number shall be reached. The House will debate and probably pass the bill to morrow night.—*Special Telegram, 11th.*


### MISCELLANEOUS.

**Prime Mess Pork.**

JUST RECEIVED, another consignment of PRIME MESS PORK, which will be sold at a reduced price. JAS. H. TOWLES,
July 11—1w Commission Merchant.

**Eggs, Eggs, Eggs.**

50 DOZ. FRESH EGGS.
For sale at 15c. per dozen, by
July 11-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

IRISH POTATOES!!
For sale by
July 11-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

**Goldsboro' Female College.**

THE FALL SESSION will open on the 1st Monday in August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD AND TUITION, exclusive of washing and lights, $95,00. Address
E. W. ADAMS, President.
July 11—law1Sept.3 Goldsboro'.

**SCHOOL NOTICE.**

THE THIRD session of Mrs. A. M. GORMAN'S School for girls and boys will commence on the fifteenth day of July next, at her residence in this city.

Terms: Three dollars per month, or fifteen dollars per session of five months—half pay invariable in advance.
July 7-1d.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

**BANKING,**

**Exchange and Collection Office,**
*FAYETTEVILLE STREET,*
RALEIGH, N. C.
**Dealers in Bank Notes, Coin, &c.**

Prompt and particular attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., in all parts of the country.

Refer to NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, New York.
June 26-1m*

**LAW SCHOOL.**

THE NEXT SESSION of the LAW SCHOOL, at Chapel Hill, will commence on the 15th of this month.

Instruction with reference to the new order of things will be attended to.
July 8-2w* WM. H. BATTLE.

**TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY!**
**44 Fayetteville Street.**

FINE IVORY-HANDLED DINNER AND TEA Knives, Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons, Good Knives and Forks for Family use, Rogers and Wostenholm's Congress Knives.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, July 8-tf With Hart & Lewis.

**Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Co.,**

RALEIGH, June 22d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, in the City of Raleigh, on Thursday, July 16th, 1868.

The transfer books will be closed from 1st to 20th proximo, inclusive.
W. W. VASS,
June 25-td Treas. & Sec'y.

**Chatham Railroad Company,**

RALEIGH, June 22d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the CHATHAM RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, in the City of Raleigh, on Monday, July 20, 1868.
W. W. VASS,
June 23-td Treas. and Sec'y.

**DIVIDEND.**

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad have declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at the Office of the Company, on and after July 16, 1868.
W. W. VASS, Treas'r.
June 27-tJuly31

**Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Stock.**

I WILL SELL, ON THE 16TH OF JULY next, at the Office of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company, in Raleigh, THIRTEEN (13) SHARES of Stock in said Company, belonging to the Trustees of Wake Forest College. TERMS CASH.
JAS. S. PURIFOY,
July 4-4ds* Treasurer.

**English and Classical School.**

THE NEXT SESSION of my School will commence on Monday, the 13th July, to continue five calendar months.

A Session's tuition will be required in monthly payments, except in cases of protracted sickness.
JNO T. WOMBLE.
Raleigh, July 7-1w*

**CORN! CORN! CORN!**

1,000 BUSHELS CORN,—PRIME WHITE! The cheapest in
For sale by
July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL.


## TELEGRAPHIC.

### Our Afternoon Dispatches.

CONGRESS—ACCEPTANCE OF SEYMOUR AND BLAIR.

WASHINGTON, July 11, M.

The Senate passed Edmunds' Bill, regulating the Electoral College.

The House adopted amendments to the Military Bill, forbidding Brevets during peace, and reducing the number of Major-Generals to three, to be chosen by Grant. The others to be mustered out by January.

In accepting the Democratic nomination, Gov. Seymour said:

"It was my ambition to take an active part, from which I am now excluded, in the great struggle going on for the restoration of the General Government and prosperity to our country, but I have been caught by the overwhelming tide that is bearing us on to a great political change, and I find myself unable to resist the pressure."

Gen. Blair said: "We are about entering on a contest for the restoration of the Union and the principles of the Constitution, and the preservation of the *white race from the domination of a semi-barbarous people.*"

FROM GEORGIA—THE LEGISLATURE.

ATLANTA, July 11th, M.

The Senate and House received a communication from Gov. Bullock, to-day, informing them that, by order of General Meade, they are not recognized as a legal body, until they have expelled members who are ineligible under the Omnibus Bill, and suggesting that a Committee be appointed by both Houses, to purge themselves of such members.

In reply to Bullock's letter, notifying General Meade of the organization of the two Houses, Meade says:

"In reply, I beg leave to state that I have no instructions to give you, further than to make known that, in my judgement, neither House is organized legally until they have complied with the requirements of the Reconstruction Acts, and the act which became a law, June 25th., 1868—all of which prohibit any one from holding an office under the State, who is excluded by section 3rd. of the amendment to the Constitution, known as Art. XIV. It is not my purpose to dictate to the two Houses, how or when they will apply this test to the several members only in view of the fact that the Legislature, until the State is admitted by compliance with the requirements of the acts of Congress, is only provisional and subject to the authority of the District Commander, and in view of the further fact that it is my duty, so long as the military government exists, to see that the law be faithfully executed."

O. Neill offered a resolution in the House, that a Committee of seven be appointed to investigate the eligibility of members.

After a long discussion, the resolution was adopted.

In the Senate, a Committee of Seven was appointed, with power to send for persons and papers.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 11, M.

Gold 1,41¼. North Carolina 6's 75¼; ex-coupons 74¼.

Turpentine firm at 44. Rosin, strained 2,90.

### Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 11, P. M.

SENATE.—The additional Freedmen's Bureau Bill continues Howard in office. In case of his death or resignation, the Secretary of War may nominate and the President appoint a successor, with the consent of the Senate. A vacancy, during the recess of the Senate, must be supplied by Howard's Adjutant General. The functionaries of the Bureau are to be appointed by the Secretary of War on Howard's nomination.

The Senate resumed the Funding Bill, and concurred in the Electoral College Bill amendment. The Bill goes to the President.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.—The reduction army bill was resumed, and amended. It reduces the Major Generals to three, and Brigadiers to six, to take effect March 31st. Selections to be made by the President, after March 4th., regardless of seniority. The Quartermaster, Adjutant, and Surgeon Generals are reduced to the rank of Colonel of Cavalry.—All staff officers of departments are reduced one grade of rank, and the numbers reduced one-half. The selections are to be made by the Commanding General.

The bill regulating the Electoral College passed, with an amendment. It goes back to the Senate.

The House non-concurred in the Senate's amendments to the tax bill.

FROM WASHINGTON—PROCLAMATION.

WASHINGTON, July 11, P. M.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued orders enforcing the eight hours' law in the Departments.

Reverdy Johnson has received instructions, and leaves Baltimore on the next Bremen steamer.

The President issues a proclamation, that papers have been received from Florida and North Carolina, announcing the adoption of the 14th. Article.

The adoption by Florida is not in accordance with the act of Congress.

After quoting the law and circumstances, the Proclamation announces the ratification by the Legislature of North Carolina in the manner set forth in the preamble.

FROM RICHMOND—GRAND RATIFICATION MEETING.

RICHMOND, July 11, P. M.

A grand Ratification meeting was held at the Theatre, to-night.

Governor Vance, of North Carolina, and other speakers, addressed it.

The building was densely crowded.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

NEW ORLEANS, July 11, P. M.

The Governor yesterday notified the Legislature that he had signed the 14th amendment and the Police Commissioners bill. The latter have entered upon their duties. Three of them are negroes.

All the leg slation already enacted, stripping the Municipal government of the control of city affairs, takes effect immediately after its passage.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 11, P. M.

Cotton a shade easier. Sales of 1,800 bales at 32 to 32½.

Gold 1,40½.

Groceries dull.

WILMINGTON, July 11, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine active at 39. Rosin in demand. Strained 2; No. 2, 2 12½. No. 1, 2@3,75. Tar steady at 2 10.


YOUNG'S

**BOARDING HOUSE,**

NEAR THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE,
**FAYETTEVILLE STREET,**
**RALEIGH, N. C.**
**Board, per Day, $2,00.**

Liberal deductions made on Board by the Month.

Rooms large, comfortable and well furnished.

FARE GOOD.
June 6-1m

TEACHER WANTED!

WANTED to employ a **Female Teacher** to take a private school of five or six scholars. She must be qualified to teach the English branches thoroughly.

Apply, for further information, at
July 8-2awtf. THIS OFFICE.

**Greensboro' Money Market.**

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY
WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of N. C. | 60c |
| " Cape Fear | 28 |
| " Charlotte | 30 |
| " Wadesboro | 26 |
| " Wilmington | 97 |
| " Roxboro | 60 |
| " Thomasville | 20 |
| " Graham | 23 |
| " Lexington (old) | 18 |
| " " (new) | 10 |
| " Commerce | 18 |
| " Clarendon | 4 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Washington | 2 |
| " Yanceyville | 3 |
| Merchants' Bank of Newbern | 60 |
| Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old) | 28 |
| " " " (new) | 12 |
| Miners' and Planters' Bank | 40 |
| Commercial Bank of Wilmington | 27 |
| Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old) | 6 |
| Virginia Bank Notes average about | 28 |
| South Carolina " | 15 |
| Georgia " | 25 |

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.
Oct. 26-26-3m

**RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK**
**OF NORTH CAROLINA.**

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

**R. W. PULLIAM, President.**

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

**C. DEWEY, Cashier.**
J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of Cape Fear | 30 |
| " Charlotte | 30 |
| " Clarendon | 4 |
| " Commerce | 17 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Lexington, (old) | 12 |
| " " (new) | 9 |
| " Lexington, payable at Graham | 22 |
| " North Carolina | 55 |
| " Roxboro' | 60 |
| " Thomasville | 60 |
| " Wadesboro' | 27 |
| " Washington | 3 |
| " Yanceyville | 3 |
| " Wilmington | 90 |
| Commercial Bank, Wilmington | 27 |
| Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old) | 27 |
| " " " (new) | 10 |
| Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co. | 6 |
| Merchant's Bank, Newbern | 60 |
| Miner's & Planter's Bank | 40 |

May 26-12m-tf

**Raleigh Money Market.**

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) | G. B. 55 |
| " Cape Fear | 30 |
| " Charlotte | 30 |
| " Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old | 16 |
| " Roxborough | 60 |
| " Wadesborough | 27 |
| " Thomasville | 20 |
| " Wilmington | 30 |
| " Commerce | 16 |
| " Washington | 3 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Clarendon | 4 |
| " Yanceyville | 3 |
| Miners' and Planter's Bank | 40 |
| Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old | 29 |
| Commercial Bank, Wilmington | 27 |
| Merchant's Bank, Newbern | 60 |
| Greensborough Mutual | 6 |
| Virginia Bank Notes, about | 25 |
| South Carolina " | 22 |
| Georgia " | 23 |
| Gold | 138 |
| Silver | 133 |
| Old Coupons | 62 |
| North Carolina Railroad Coupons | 87½ |
| Old Sixes | 72 |
| Exchange on New York | ¼ |
| R. & G. Railroad Stock | 40 |

**R. H. COWAN & CO.,**
**General Commission and Shipping Merchants,**
AND
**WHOLESALE GROCERS.**

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.,) celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.
Agents for Lister Bro's Superphosphate of Lime.
Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAS. H. HILL,
} **Wilmington, N. C.,** *No. 32 North Water St.*
June 26, 1868-1y

**JULY, 1868.**

**ANDREWS,**

THE CLOTHIER.

*(Opposite Tucker Hall.)*

SPECIAL OPENING.

*Elegant Dress Suits, Latest Style;*
*Plain and Fancy Cassimere Suits;*
*White Duck Linen Suits;*
*Boys' Brown Linen Suits;*
*Youths' Cassimere Suits;*
Fine Dress Shirts;
Gauze Merino Under Shirts;
Linen Drawers;
Jean Drawers;
Cravats and Suspenders;

Together with every article usually kept in a gentleman's first class FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT.

☞ *The prices to suit the times.*
July 2-tf

**SELECT SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.**

THE next session of Mrs. **V. C. Howell's** Select School for Young Ladies will commence July 15th, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

English branches, French and Music thoroughly taught.

For particulars, address
MRS. V. C. HOWELL,
July 3-2taw2w Raleigh, N. C.

**Warrenton Female Institute,**
WARRENTON, N. C.

THE FIFTY-FIFTH SESSION will commence July 16th, 1868, with a full corps of efficient and experienced Instructors.

BOARD AND ENGLISH TUITION: One hundred dollars per session.

For further particulars, address
REV. W. C. HUNTER,
MRS M J WILCOX,
Or REV. M. M MARSHALL.
June 27 2aw1m.

**LAND SALE.**

IN OBEDIENCE to an order of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Davidson County, at May Term, 1868, we will sell, at Public Auction, on the premises, the 4th day of August next, at 12 o'clock, M., on a credit of 6 months,

**Two Valuable Tracts of Land,**

belonging to the estate of Wm. Owen, dec'd.

One Tract of 800 acres, situated in the "Jersey Settlement," celebrated for its rich soil; the other lying on the Yadkin river, containing 220 acres; both finely improved and well watered. Persons desiring valuable Real Estate should attend. At the same time and place, a quantity of Grain.

A. J. OWEN } Adm'rs.
J. H. SMITH. }
Lexington, N. C., June 26-2aw2w

**ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,**
**OF HARTFORD, CONN.**

ASSETS, $9,000,000. No. POLICIES 52,700.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51. DIVIDENDS 50 per cent.

In these days of competition between Life Insurance Companies much is said by rival Agents, each claiming the company he represents to be the best. Without saying anything in disparagement of any Company, or, by simple assertion, anything in its favor, the ÆTNA begs leave to refer to the annexed table, compiled from the OFFICIAL and SWORN statements of twenty of the largest Companies in America, made to the Insurance Commissioners of the State of New York. The table shows the ratio of expense to each $100 received by each Company, for the three years ending January 1, 1868.

It will be seen that the expenses of the Ætna are much lower than any other Company; and, after the average is struck, the ÆTNA, in 1865, saved $10.41 out of each $100 received—more than the average; in 1866, $7.17, and in 1867, $4.90. The receipts of the ÆTNA were, in 1865, $1,635,309; in 1866, $3,522,976, and in 1867, $5,139,447. Consequently, its savings in the three years were $677,919.39, to which add 7 per cent. interest to July 1, 1868: $130,287.64, making a grand total of $797,207 03 saved over the average of all other Companies.

This is the measure of success, as applied by the Hon. Elizur Wright, the greatest of American actuaries, to all Companies, and simply means that the Company whose RATIO of expense to its income is the least, is the best able to pay large dividends to its policy holders. That the ÆTNA is THAT Company, these comparisons of official statements plainly show.

*Official Statement showing the Expenses and Losses by the Twenty Largest Insurance Companies in America.*

[FROM THE NEW YORK SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.]

| NAMES. | Expenses and Claims paid out of each $100 of I... 1865. | 1866. | 1867. | AVERAGE. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Connecticut Mutual | $ 33 87 | $ 35 38 | $ 28 90 | $ ... |
| Charter Oak | 32 62 | 29 26 | 28 20 | 3... |
| Equitable | 37 16 | 30 98 | 26 31 | 3... |
| Globe Mutual | 33 18 | 35 67 | 32 92 | 3 |
| Germania | 49 23 | 47 38 | 41 12 | 4 |
| Guardian Mutual | 40 07 | 31 20 | 36 50 | 35 |
| Home | 35 98 | 37 41 | 34 85 | 36... |
| Knickerbocker | 42 05 | 42 58 | 35 87 | 40 1... |
| Mutual Life | 38 84 | 30 03 | 22 76 | 30 54 |
| Mutual Benefit | 31 33 | 32 63 | 27 39 | 30 44 |
| Manhattan | 34 80 | 31 50 | 33 28 | 33 18 |
| Mass. Mutual | 38 14 | 35 44 | 36 40 | 35 99 |
| New England Mutual | 40 31 | 30 85 | 29 44 | 33 53 |
| New York Life | 37 09 | 29 26 | 29 48 | 31 61 |
| North American | 32 01 | 23 49 | 24 71 | 26 73 |
| Phœnix Mutual | 37 06 | 30 97 | 29 30 | 30 44 |
| Security | 37 14 | 36 30 | 33 70 | 35 71 |
| Union Mutual | 32 06 | 29 98 | 26 96 | 29 66 |
| Washington | 42 20 | 49 40 | 41 77 | 44 45 |
| Average of 19 Companies | 37 11 | 33 51 | 31 56 | 33 96 |
| The "ÆTNA" | 26 70 | 26 32 | 26 66 | 26 56 |
| Difference | 10 41 | 7 19 | 4 90 | 7 04 |

| | | SAVED |
|---|---|---|
| The ÆTNA income for 1865 was | $1,635,309, on which $10 41 per 100, | $172 39 69 |
| " " " " 1866 " | $3,522,976, " 7 19 " " | 253,258 89 |
| " " " " 1867 " | $5,139,447 " 4 90 " " | 254,34[illegible] 90 |
| To which add 7 per cent. compound interest to July 1, 1868 | | 130 86 64 |
| Giving a Total Saved by the Ætna in 3 years of | | $ 797,907 43 |

In proof of these statements, the official reports can be seen, by all who wish, at the
**Raleigh Branch Office,**
**W. H. CROW, Manager.**
June 1-tf

**PHŒNIX MUTUAL**
**LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.**

**EDSON FESSENDEN, President.** | **JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.**

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE **PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY**, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:—

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone,—and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over **$500,000** of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

*Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:*

| | |
|---|---|
| PHŒNIX MUTUAL | $1 74 |
| ÆTNA | 1 31 |
| BROOKLYN | 1 12 |
| CONNECTICUT MUTUAL | 1 05 |
| EQUITABLE | 1 24 |
| MANHATTAN | 1 42 |

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—Its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

*Principal Office,* HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to
**WILLIAM H. RAGLEY,**
**General Agent for North Carolina,**
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

**BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.**

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS. LIFE AND ENDOWMENT. DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

**ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.**

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is ever given or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

**Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.**

**WM. M. COLE, Secretary.** | **CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.**

Information gladly furnished in detail, by
**A. W. LAWRENCE,**
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., March 28—1968-3m

# The Daily Sentinel.

MONDAY, JULY 13, 1868


*FACTS ABOUT THE SUN.*

The sun is distant from the earth 92,000,000 of miles, its diameter is 850,000 miles, or more than one hundred times that of the earth. If placed where the earth is, its circumference would not only include the moon, which is 230,000 miles from the earth, but would reach out past it nearly so far again. A man standing on the sun would be crushed flat by his own weight, if he could stand the heat long enough. The heat of the sun's surface is equal to that which would be produced by burning 6 tons of coal per hour on each square yard. It is very much greater than would be required to melt any metals known on earth. The most brilliant light that can be manufactured by chemists looks like a black spot if contrasted with the sun.

The outer surface of the sun is composed of scales about the shape of a willow leaf, and perhaps 1,000 miles long. It is those that give out the light and heat. A great distance below this outer coat there is a layer of dark clouds, probably metallic. Again there is a great space, and then another layer of still darker clouds, likely of the same material; another great interval, and then the solid surface of the sun. The sun travels about a million of miles a day, and yet in the last two thousand years it has not traveled one sixtieth part of the distance to the nearest star. In fact, there is hardly any perceptible change in its position among the stars, one of which—Sirius—is large enough to make two or three hundred like it.—*Condensed from Herschel's Lecture*

A QUAKER'S LETTER TO HIS WATCHMAKER.—I herewith send thee my pocket-clock, which greatly standeth in need of thy friendly correction. The last time he was at thy friendly school he was no ways reformed, nor even in the least benefitted thereby; for I perceive by the index of his mind that he is a liar, and the truth is not in him; that his motions are wavering and irregular; that his impulses are sometimes very quick, which betoken not an even temper; at other times it waxeth sluggish (notwithstanding I frequently urge him), that when he should be on his duty, as thou knowest his usual name denoteth, I find him slumbering and sleeping—or, as the vanity of human reason phraseth it, I catch him napping. Hence, I am induced to believe he is not right in the inward man. Examine him, I beseech thee, thoroughly, that thou mayest, by being well acquainted with his inward frame and ways, show him the path wherein he should go. And when thou layest thy correcting hand upon him, let it be without passion; lest thou drive him to destruction.

Do thou regulate his motion for the time to come by the light that ruleth the day; and let him learn from that unerring guide the true calculation of his table and education; and when thou findest him converted from the errors of his ways, and more conformable to the above-mentioned rules, then do thou send him home, with a just bill of charges, drawn out by the spirit of moderation, and it shall be sent in the root of evil to thee.

"Have you any lubricating drops of a bronchial deficiency," said Mrs. Partington to Dr. Ipecac yesterday, "is your cold deep seated?" asked the Doctor blandly. "I don't know how deep it is, she said," with a bark like an Esquimaux dog, "but it is loud enough. What a time for colds this is, to be sure; I declare I am completely exaggerated with my cough." "You need an expectorant," said the Doctor. "I expect so," replied she, "but whether it will do any good or not, must depend upon how it infects me, but I will take a box of atrocious lozengers anyhow, which I have heard spoken of as milifluous." She spent his time playing with the dumb bells, and the old lady asked the Doctor to excuse the liberality he took, because the boy was given to jimelastics.

An Ex-Chaplain, now residing at Shelbyville, Tennessee, gives the anecdote below:

On the campaign in West Virginia, the infantry were fond of cracking their jokes at the expense of the cavalry. They insinuated pretty plainly that the cavalry had to be brought on by degrees and gradually made accustomed to fire arms by popping caps, then putting in blank cartridges, and finally allowing balls to be slipped into their rifles.

Capt. N., now living in Winchester, Tennessee, tells how he was victimized by the infantry. He was riding by Donelson's Tennessee brigade of infantry with a long clanking sabre, when he was accosted by a little fellow in the ranks who was carrying a knapsack almost as big as himself:

"Mister, I'm most dead toting this knapsack; it's powerful heavy, it is, Mister; if you'll tote it for me, *I'll let you pop one of my caps.*"

INIMITABLE.—The comment of a colored preacher on the text, "It is better to give than to receive," is inimitable, as well as eloquent: "Brudden, has any ob you known'd a church that died 'cause it give too much? Dey don't die dat way. But if you do, just let ma know, and I'll make a climb to de soft light ob de moon on its moss-covered roof, and I'll stand dere and lift my eyes to heaven and say 'Blessed are de dead dat die in de Lord.'"

## MISCELLANEOUS.

[COPY.]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMP. OF THE CURRENCY,
*Washington*, June 18th, 1868.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF RALEIGH, in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake and State of North Carolina, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking, under said act:

Now, THEREFORE I, Hiland R. Hulburd, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "State National Bank of Raleigh," in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this eighteenth day of June, 1868.

Seal. HILAND R. HULBURD,
Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 1,662.


## STATE NATIONAL BANK, RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN G. WILLIAMS, PRESIDENT.
W. E. ANDERSON, Cashier.
WM. S. MASON, W. W. VASS,
JAS. H. FOOTE.

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Sight and Time bills, Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion, Government and State Stocks, Rail Road and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at the counter or remitted for on receipt, by Express, on most favorable terms, by check or in currency.

Deposits received and a general banking business carried on in all its branches.

July 1-tf.

## For Rent.

TWO GOOD ROOMS, suitable for Offices, over the Book Store of WILLIAMS & LAMBETH. Apply to A. WILLIAMS.
June 27-eo2w


## THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION!

### THE PLATFORM.

"The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism, and discriminating justice of the people, standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guaranty of the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled, for all time to come, by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or reagitated, do, with the return of peace, demand:

*First.*—Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union, under the Constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

*Second.*—Amnesty for all past political offences, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

*Third.*—Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable; all moneys draws from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

*Fourth.*—Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

*Fifth.*—One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the officeholder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

*Sixth.*—Economy in the administration of the Government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau (great cheering) and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the Government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

*Seventh.*—Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to and the independence of the executive and judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

*Eighth.*—Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign Powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and individual rights; and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance and the claims of foreign Powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career. After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge, under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as is in its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the *habeas corpus*, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star-chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American capitol into a bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would dare to resort; it has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. His corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created by the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next, and inaugurate its President, we will meet, as a subjected and conquered people, amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated, and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or to interfere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution; and it sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized and consolidated Government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a federal union of co-equal States; and that we regard the reconstruction acts (so-called) of Congress as usurpations, and unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void; that our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre emption or homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, (applause,) in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard."


## DRY GOODS.

### New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868,

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A. CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible—if you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,
April 8 Fayetteville Street.

## NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867 —tf.

## CLOTHING STORES.

### Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

EVERY ARTICLE necessary to a gentleman's complete outfit can be obtained of

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,

CLOTHIERS,

OPPOSITE TUCKER HALL,

Raleigh, N. C.

June 4-tf

## JUST RECEIVED!

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS,

FINE BLACK ALPACA SACKS AND FROCKS,

A new lot of very superior

WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS,

Very desirable in warm weather.

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S FURNISHING STORE,
Opposite Tucker Hall,
June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C

## JUST RECEIVED.

A NEW LOT OF

FINE DRESS SHIRTS,

All sizes. A perfect fit guaranteed in every instance.

All persons in want of such a luxury should call and supply themselves at once.

At

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Opposite Tucker Hall,
June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

*Phœnix*, of Hartford,
*Atlantic*, of Brooklyn,
*Security*, of New York,
*Putnam*, of Hartford,
*Home*, of New Haven,
*Valley of Virginia*, Winchester,
*Jefferson*, of Virginia, and
*The Underwriter's*, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding $5,500,000.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Dec. 14—110-tf P. F. PESCUD, Ins. Agent.

## GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Oct. 31—72-tf



1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

# SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }


In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

| | |
|---|---|
| Daily Sentinel, for one year | $8 00 |
| " " six months | 4 00 |
| " " three months | 2 00 |
| Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year | 4 00 |
| " " six months | 2 00 |
| " " three months | 1 00 |
| Weekly " for one year | 2 00 |
| " " six months | 1 00 |

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor


## MISCELLANEOUS

1868, 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed. The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed. I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves**, Buck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

Feb 3-150-tf E. H. FOGUE,
Hillsboro N. C.

Guisors' Separator and Horse Power.

JUST received at N. C. Depot, one more of those celebrated Machines, which will be sold, at Manufacturer's prices, either with or without the Power—freight only added. Call at once and secure it.

—ALSO—

In store Harman's **Steel Tooth Wheel Horse Rake** for 1868, and the Dixie Wheat Fan.

July 2-tf. JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

## BOARD.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,

At Reasonable Rates.

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY

will be charged **transient persons**. A deduction for longer time.

Members of the approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.

June 26-tf GEO. T. COOKE.


## THE STAMP ACT.

### One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.

General, 5 cents

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents.

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1,00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends therein, 2 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00

For any other purpose, 50 cents

Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2.0 0. $1,10.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1,00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.)

Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.

Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1 000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100 25 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 15 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance Life, when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1,00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $200, or fractional part thereof in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a conveyance.

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, tenat deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Pawner's Checks 5 cents.

Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.

Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $70 $1.00

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

### GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made, may affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects stamp it before it is used; and, if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of acire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, as held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

## THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress; the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

### SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

| Maine. | Term Expires. |
|---|---|
| Lot M Morrill r | '69 |
| Wm P Fessenden, r | '71 |
| **New Hampshire.** | |
| Aaron H Cragin, r | '71 |
| Jas W Patterson, r | '73 |
| **Vermont.** | |
| Geo F Edmunds, r | '69 |
| Justus S Morrill, r | '73 |
| **Massachusetts.** | |
| Charles Sumner, r | '69 |
| Henry Wilson, r | '73 |
| **Rhode Island** | |
| William Sprague, r | '69 |
| Henry B Anthony, r | '73 |
| **Connecticut.** | |
| James Dixon, d | '69 |
| Orris S Ferry, r | '73 |
| **New York.** | |
| Edwin D Morgan, r | '69 |
| Roscoe Conkling, r | '73 |
| **New Jersey.** | |
| F T Frelinghuysen, r | '69 |
| Alex G Gattell, r | '73 |
| **Pennsylvania.** | |
| C R Buckalew, d | '69 |
| Simon Cameron, r | '73 |
| **Delaware.** | |
| Geo R Riddle, d | '69 |
| Wm Saulsbury, d | '73 |
| **Maryland.** | |
| Reverdy Johnson, d | '69 |
| —— Hamilton, d | —— |
| **West Virginia.** | |
| P G Van Winkle, r | '69 |
| Waitman T Willey, r | '73 |
| **Kentucky.** | |
| —— Mc Creery, d | —— |
| Garrett Davis, d | '73 |
| **Tennessee.** | |
| D T Patterson, d | '69 |
| Joseph S Fowler r | '71 |
| **Ohio.** | |
| Benjamin F Wade, r | '69 |
| John Sherman, r | '73 |

| Illinois. | Term Expires. |
|---|---|
| I A Hendricks, d | '69 |
| Rivers Morton, r | '73 |
| **Illinois** | |
| Richard Yates, r | '71 |
| Lyman Trumbull, r | '73 |
| **Michigan.** | |
| Zach Chandler, r | '69 |
| Jacob M Howard r | '71 |
| **Wisconsin.** | |
| I R Doolittle, d | '69 |
| Timothy O Howe, r | '71 |
| **Minnesota.** | |
| Alex Ramsey r | '69 |
| Daniel S Norton, d | '71 |
| **Iowa.** | |
| James W Grimes, r | '71 |
| James Harlan, r | '73 |
| **Missouri.** | |
| John B Henderson, r | '69 |
| Charles D Drake, r | '73 |
| **Kansas** | |
| Edmund G Ross, r | '71 |
| Samuel C Pomeroy, r | '73 |
| **Nebraska.** | |
| Thos W Tipton, r | '69 |
| John M Thayer, r | '71 |
| **Nevada.** | |
| Wm M Stewart, r | '69 |
| James W Nye, r | '71 |
| **California.** | |
| John Conness, r | '69 |
| Cornelius Cole, r | '71 |
| **Oregon.** | |
| Geo H Williams, r | '71 |
| Henry Corbett, r | '73 |
| **Colorado.** | |
| John Evans, r | —— |
| Jerome B Chaffe, r | —— |

*Not admitted.

### RECAPITULATION.

Republicans 44. Democrats and Conservatives, 10.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, r, of Indiana, Speaker
Edward McPherson, r, of Pennsylvania, Clerk

| Maine. | Horace Maynard, r |
|---|---|
| John Lynch, r | William B Stokes, r |
| Sidney Perham, r | James Mullins r |
| James G Blaine, r | John Trimble, r |
| John A Peters, r | Samuel M Arnell, r |
| Frederick A Pike, r | Isaac R Hawkins, r |
| **New Hampshire.** | David A Nunn, r |
| Jacob H Ela, r | **Ohio.** |
| Aaron F Stevens, r | Benjamin Eggleston, r |
| Jacob Benton, r | Samuel F Carey r |
| **Vermont.** | Robt O Schenck, r |
| F E Woodridge, r | Wm Lawrence, r |
| Luke P Poland, r | Wm Mungen, d |
| W C Smith, r | Leader W Clarke, r |
| **Massachusetts.** | Samuel Shellabarger, r |
| Thomas D Eliot, r | C S Hamilton, r |
| Oakes Ames, r | Ralph P Buckland, r |
| Ginery Twitchell, r | James M Ashley, r |
| Samuel Hooper, r | John T Wilson, r |
| Benjamin F Butler, r | Philad Van Trump, d |
| Nathaniel P Banks, r | George W Morgan, d |
| George S Boutwell, r | Martin Walker, r |
| John D Baldwin, r | Tobias A Plants, r |
| Wm B Washburn, r | John A Bingham, r |
| Henry L Dawes, r | Ephraim R Eckley, r |
| **Rhode Island.** | Rufus P Spalding, r |
| Thomas Jenckes, r | James A Garfield, r |
| Nathan F Dixon r | **Indiana.** |
| **Connecticut.** | Wm E Niblack, d |
| Richard D Hubbard, d | Michael C Kerr, d |
| Julius Hotchkiss, d | Morton C Hunter, r |
| H H Starkweather, r | Wm S Holman, d |
| William H Barnum, d | George W Julian, r |
| **New York.** | John Coburn, r |
| Stephen Taber, d | H D Washburn, r |
| Demas Barnes, d | Goodlove S Orth, r |
| Wm E Robinson, d | Schuyler Colfax, r |
| John Fox, d | John P C Shanks, r |
| John Morrisey, d | **Illinois** |
| Thomas E Stewart, d | At large—J A Logan, r |
| John W Chandler, d | Norman B Judd, r |
| Jas Brooks, d | John F Farnsworth, r |
| Fernando Wood, d | Elihu B Washburne, r |
| Wm H Robertson, r | Abner C Harding, r |
| Thomas H Van Wyck, r | Eben C Ingersoll, r |
| John H Ketchum, r | Burton C Cook, r |
| Thomas Cornell, r | H P Brunswell, r |
| John V L Pruyn d | Shelby M Cullom r |
| John A Griswold, r | Lewis W Ross, d |
| Orange Ferris r | Albert G Burr, d |
| Calvin T Hulburd, r | Samuel S Marshall, d |
| James M Mervin, r | John Baker, r |
| Wm C Fields, r | Green B Raum, r |
| Addison H Laflin, r | **Michigan.** |
| Alex H Bailey, r | Fer C Beaman, r |
| John C Churchill, r | Chas Upson, r |
| Denis McCarthy, r | Austin Blair, r |
| Theo M Pomeroy, r | Thos W Ferry, r |
| Wm H Kelsey, r | H E Trowbridge, r |
| Wm S Lincoln, r | Jno F Driggs, r |
| Hamilton Ward, r | **Wisconsin.** |
| Lewis Selye, r | Halbert E Paine, r |
| Bart Van Horn, r | Ben F Hopkins, r |
| James M Murphy, d | Amasa Cobb, r |
| Henry Van Aernam, r | Chas A Eldridge, d |
| **New Jersey.** | Philetus Sawyer, r |
| Wm Moore, r | C C Washburne r |
| Chas Haight, d | **Minnesota.** |
| Chas Sitgreaves, d | Wm Windom, r |
| John Hill, r | Ignatius Donnelly, r |
| Geo A Halsey, r | **Iowa.** |
| **Pennsylvania.** | James F Wilson, r |
| Samuel J Randall, d | Hiram Price, r |
| Chas O'Neill, r | Wm B Allison r |
| Leonard Myers, r | Wm Loughbridge, r |
| Wm D Kelley, r | George M Dodge r |
| Caleb N Taylor r | Asahel W Hubbard, r |
| Ben M Boyer, d | **Missouri.** |
| Jno M Bromwell, r | Wm A File, r |
| Jno L Getz, d | Chas A Newcomb, r |
| Thaddeus Stevens, r | Jas R McCormack, d |
| Henry L Cake, r | Joel Gravelly, r |
| David M Van Auken, d | Jos W McClurg r |
| Geo W Woodward, d | Robt T Van Horn, r |
| Ulysses Mercur, r | Ben F Loan, r |
| George F Miller, r | John F Benjamin, r |
| A J Grossbrenner, d | George W Anderson, r |
| Wm H Koontz, r | **Nebraska.** |
| Daniel J Morrell, r | John Taffe, r |
| Samuel F Wilson, r | **Nevada.** |
| Glenni W Scofield, r | Delos M Ashley, r |
| Darwin A Finney, r | **California.** |
| John Covode, r | Samuel B Axtell, d |
| Jas K Moorhead r | Williams Higby, r |
| Thomas Williams, r | James A Johnson, d |
| Geo W Lawrence, r | **Oregon.** |
| **Delaware.** | Rufus Mallory, r |
| John A Nicholson, d | *Colorado. |
| **Maryland.** | George M Chilcott, r |
| Hiram McCullock, d | **Delegates.** |
| Stevenson Archer, d | **Arizona.** |
| Chas E Phelps, d | Coles Bashford, r |
| Francis Thomas, r | **Dakota.** |
| Frederick Stone, r | Walter A Burleigh, r |
| **West Virginia.** | **Idaho.** |
| Chester D Hubbard, r | E D Holbrook d |
| Bethuel M Kit